Bombay Gazette.

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SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

MAIL SERVICE.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON,

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing 3-30 p.m.	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons
1912				
16th Nov.	ARABIA	8000	.....	...
23rd ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA	12500
30th ,,	MEDINA	12000	.....	...
7th Dec.	ARCADIA	7000	MOLDAVIA	10000
14th ,,	EGYPT	8000	.....	...
21st ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MANGOLIA	10000
28th ,,	PERSIA	8000	.....	...

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON 1913.

4th Jan	SALSETTE	6040	MANTUA	11500
11th ,,	MACEDONIA	10500	.....	...
18th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	11000
25th ,,	ARABIA	8000	.....	...
1st Feb.	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	12500
8th ,,	CHINA	8000	.....	...
15th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MALOJA	12500
22nd ,,	EGYPT	8000	.....	...
1st March	MOREA	11000	.....	...
8th ,,	PERSIA	8000	.....	...
15th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA	12500
19th ,,	ARCADIA	7000	.....	...
22nd ,,	MANTUA	11000	.....	...
29th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MEDINA	12500
5th Apl.	ARABIA	8000	.....	...
12th ,,	MOLDAVIA	10000	.....	...
19th ,,	MALOJA	12500	.....	...
26th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	10000
3rd May	EGYPT	8000	.....	...
10th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10500
17th ,,	PERSIA	8000	.....	...

All the above Steamers are fitted with

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

† INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER.

ONE CLASS ONLY.

Passengers for Brindisi transhipped to connecting Steamer at Port Said.

Tenders leave the BALLARD PIER, on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 12-30 P. M. for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA, AND NEW ZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAY, taking passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For Accommodation and farther information, apply to

W C SYMES,
Superintendent.

Bombay.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY.
Oceanien	4143	...Mages	21st Nov. 1912.
"Armand Behic"	6385	...Mouret	16th Jan. 1913.
Sydney	4120	...Rat	13th Feb. 1913.
Yarra	4142	...Tivolle	13th Mar. 1913.
Oceanien	4143	...Mages	11th April 1913.

PASSAGE FARES.

		I class	II class	III class
To Marseilles	(single) ...Rs.	594	495	225
Do.	(return) ...Rs.	891	743	405
To London	(single) ...Rs.	660	528	270
Do.	(return) ...Rs.	990	792	495

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Italian Line at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

One sailing every four weeks.

For further particulars apply to—

H. WILLIAMS,
Albert Building, Horaby Road. Agent.

SOCIETA' NAZIONALE DI SERVIZI MARITTIMI (RUBATTINO LINE.)

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct;

FOR BRINDISI and VENICE (transhipping at PORT SAID.)

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Sicilia	6,000	D. Maganzini.	15th Nov. 1912
Sardegna	6,000	A. Muzio	15th Dec. 1912.
Sicilia	6,000	D. Maganzini.	15th Jan. 1913.

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER AND ELECTRIC FANS.

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class
Single Ticket from, Rs. 450 to 550	Rs. 350		Rs. 165
Return Tickets available two years from	Rs. 675 to 825	Rs. 525	Rs. 247

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through Tickets to NEW YORK in connection at Naples or Genoa, 1st Class, from Rs. 790 to Rs. 690 Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break journey at any port on route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS

are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY TO SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on.
Ischia	6,000	G. Belsito	10th Nov. 1912
Capri	6,000	A. de Amezaga	10th Dec. 1912
Ischia (a)	6,000	G. Belsito	8th Jan. 1913

(a) Proceeding direct from Singapore to KOBE.

SALOON Fares to COLOMBO, Rs. 75; to PENANG, Rs. 140; to SINGAPORE, Rs. 165 and to HONGKONG, Rs. 220.

Subject to alterations; for further particulars apply to

G. FERRERO,
Agent.

Elphinstone Circle, BOMBAY,

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, Ld.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI,
Weekly from Victoria Dock.

Steamers, Tons. Sailing Date, Time, Route via

Lhasa .....2184 Mon. 18th Nov. 11 a.m.* P.D. and C.M.
Dwarka.....1695 Thurs. 21st Nov. 9 a.m. † C.M.
Linga .....2185 Friday 22nd Nov. ‡ 6 a.m. direct.

* Porebunder, Dwarka, Cutch Mandvie.
† Cutch Mandvie.
‡ Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH.
(Weekly).

S. S. "Dwarka" 1695 tons, on Thursday, 21st Nov. calling at Muscat, Linga, Bushire, and Mohomerah.

FOR PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

S. S. "Baroda" 2,172 tons, on Wednesday, 20th November, calling at Verawal, Mangrol, Karachi, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Bahrein, Bushire, Koweit, Mahomerah and Busreh.

FOR EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA.
(Monthly.)

S. S. "Palamcotta," 3413 tons on Thursday 28th November, calling at Seychelles, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "Lightning," on or about 16th November.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct.)

Frequent sailings, with onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia and New Zealand.

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents,
Nicol Road, near Ballard Pier, BOMBAY,
15th November, 1912.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

BANKERS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS
BOMBAY.

PASSAGE & SHIPPING.

PASSAGES	Booked without charge.
BIRTHS	Carefully Selected.
STEAMER PLANS	Sent for Inspection.
HANDBOOK	Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis.
BAGGAGE	Shipped and Insured.
PASSENGERS	Met on arrival.
CALCUTTA:	GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON:	GRINDLAY & Co.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

THE following SAILINGS have been arranged:—

teamers.	Tonnage.	Captains.	Leave Bombay on
*Elysia	6368	J. Coverley	21st Nov. 1912.
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	4th Dec. ,,
Olympia	5124	J. Kinnaird	15th ,, ,,
*Circassia	6716	C.F.Osborne R.N.R.	31st ,, ,,
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	18th Jan. 1913.
*Castalia	6388	G. Mitchell	2nd Feb. ,,

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON 1913.

*Elysia	6368	J. Coverley	23rd Feb. 1913.
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	9th March ,,
Olympia	5124	J. Kinnaird	23rd ,, ,,
*Circassia	6716	C F.Osborne R.N.R	10th April ,,
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	22nd ,, ,,
*Castalia	6388	G. Mitchell	5th May ,,
*Elysia	6368	J. Coverley	18th ,, ,,

* Fitted with Marconi wireless telegraphy.

FARES.

	Single.	Return.
Bombay to Suez	Rs. 413	627
Bombay to Port Said ... ... ,,	445	677
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool ... ... ,,	578	924
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool ,,	653	999
Bombay to Gibraltar ... ... ,,	597	891
Bombay to Liverpool ... ... ,,	608	957
Bombay to New York ... ... ,,	826	1,399
Bombay to Cairo, including train fare from Suez ... ... ,,	446	

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to families, Railway employes a Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leaves by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by B. I. S. N. Co's. steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

Through Tickets to America per Anchor-Cunard Joint Passenger Service.

For any further information regarding passage, apply to the undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
AGENTS, Bombay.

DEUTSCHE OST AFRIKA LINIE.
GERMAN EAST AFRICA LINE.

BOMBAY TO EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA.

THE following Steamers will SAIL:—

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	To Sail about
a Markgraf	3680	Bremer	19th Nov. 1912
President	3310	Schutz	4th Dec. 1912
a Kanzler	3000	Schapp	19th Dec. 1912

a Will carry also cargo and passengers for Cape Ports.

a Will call at Seychelles.

Taking passengers and cargo for SEYCHELLES, LAMOO, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, GERMAN, AND PORTUGUESE COAST PORTS, DURBAN, and CAPE.

For Rates and Particulars Apply to

A. STRANDES & Co.,
Agents.
24, Meadow Street, Bombay, 5th November, 1912.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....£2,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL.....£1,000,000
RESERVE FUND.....£ 950,000

HEAD OFFICE:
26, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON E. C.
BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Cochin,	Zanzibar,
Bombay,	Chittagong,	Mombasa,
Madras,	Rangoon,	Nairobi,
Karachi,	Mandalay,	Nakuru,
Lahore,	Colombo,	Kisumu,
Amritsar,	Kandy,	Jinja,
Delhi,	Newara-Eliya,	Kampala,
Cawnpore,	Aden (Camp.)	Entebbe.
Tuticorin,	Aden, (Steamer Point)	

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividend, when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141. RALPH KIDD,
BOMBAY. Acting Manager.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital.....$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors.....$ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund.....$ 17,000,000
Gold Reserve Fund.....$ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

Amoy	Ipoh	Rangoon
Bangkok	Johore	Saigon
Batavia	Kobe	San Francisco
Bombay	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
Calcutta	London	Shanghai Hongkew
Canton	Lyons	Singapore
Colombo	Malacca	Sourabaya
Foochow	Manila	Taipeh
Hamburg	Nagasaki	Tientsin
Hankow	New York	Tsingtau
Harbin	Paris	Yokohama
Hongkong	Penang	Yloilo

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent, per annum on Daily Balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided the sum accrued amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months or term which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. H. WILSON,
Agent.

Carlton House, Ostram Road, Bombay.

ALLAHABAD BANK, LTD.,

CAPITAL (paid up)...Rs. 20,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in GOVT. PAPER) ... ,, 32,00,000

HEAD OFFICE:—ALLAHABAD.

BRANCHES:—At Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, Lucknow, Bareilly, Jhansi, Nagpore, Jubbulpore, Nainital and Meerut.

SUB-AGENCIES:—Amritsar, Benares, Chandousi, Hathras, Moradabad and Sitapur.

Fixed Deposit, Current and Savings Bank Accounts opened on terms which can be ascertained.

Banking Business of every description transacted.

Copy of Rules may be had on application.

H. H. WHITE,
Agent,
Bombay Branch.

101, Hornby Road.

THE EASTERN BANK, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE.
4, Crosby Square, London, E. C.
BRANCHES AT:—
Bombay, Calcutta and Bagdad.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL £1,000,000
PAID UP .....£ 400,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS.....£ 600,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

The Rt. Hon. LORD BALFOUR of Burleigh, K. T.
Sir JACOB E. SASSOON, Bart, (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co.)
EMILE FRANCQUI Esq. (Director of the Banque d'Outremer.)
JAMES LEIGH WOOD, Esq., C. M. G., (Messrs Brown, Shiply and Co.)
J. C. GEORGES BOUILLAT, Esq. (Director of the Societe Generale de Paris.)
J. S. HASKELL, Esq., (Messrs E. D. Sassoon and Co.)

BOMBAY COMMITTEE:

Sir JACOB E. SASSOON, Bart,
A. J. RAYMOND, Esq.
Sir DINSHAW M PETIT, Bart,
MATHURADAS GOCULDAS, Esq.

BOMBAY OFFICE:

Corner of Hornby Road and Church Gate Street.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received on terms to be ascertained on application.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased, loans and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

The purchase and sale of Government securities stocks, and shares undertaken, and dividends thereon collected for constituents.

W. M. ANDERSON,
Manager.

SEASON'S GIFTS.

Latest safe date for posting parcels *via* Brindisi to reach the British Isles in time for X'mas is

6th DECEMBER.

A beautiful assortment of dainty presents, suitable for husbands, wives, sons, daughters and friends, the latest productions of the English and Continental markets; prices ranging from

RS. 5 TO £1,000.

We cordially invite an inspection and feel assured that from our wide, *recherché* and comprehensive stock we can supply the requirements of all our constituents, be their tastes ever so fastidious.

SPECIAL X'MAS CONCESSION.

Parcels sent direct to destination with all charges pre-paid.

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,

ART JEWELLERS and SILVERSMITHS, WATCH-MAKERS, &c.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

MONGINI BROTHERS.

THE FIRM FOR

WEDDING CAKES.
WEDDING CAKE ORNAMENTS.
WEDDING CAKE STANDS.
WEDDING CAKE BOUQUETS.
WEDDING CAKE WREATHS.
WEDDING CAKE BOXES.
WEDDING FLAGS.
WEDDING FAVORS.
WEDDING CRACKERS.
WEDDING RECEPTIONS.
WEDDING CONFETTI, Etc., Etc., Etc.

ILLUSTRATED PRICE LIST FREE ON APPLICATION.

25-27-29, Church Gate Street, **BOMBAY.**
Telegrams:—"MONGIBROS," Telephone No. 325.

THE CURE OF INDIA.

The greatest curse of life in India is the ever present Fever, and Ague, yet a certain cure exists in

BATLIWALA'S AGUE MIXTURE AND PILLS

Take them at the first sign of Fever or Influenza.
Price Re. 1 each.

BATLIWALA'S TONIC PILLS

For pale people, is a valuable remedy in all cases of overwrought brain work, impotency, weakness, early stage of consumption, and indigestion, etc. Re. 1-8 ans. each.

BATLIWALA'S TOOTH-POWDER

is scientifically mixed with "Mayaphal" and English antiseptic drugs. Ans. 4, each.

BATLIWALA'S RING-WORM OINTMENT

Cures ring-worm, Dhobies-itch Etc. in a day. Ans. 4, each.

Of all dealers, or of

DR. H. L. BATLIWALA J. P.,
WORLI, LABORATORY, DADAR, BOMBAY.

FAVOURITES OF ROYALTY

ALL THINGS are now dated from the time of the great Coronation Durbar and however popular they were before that historic event there is no doubt that henceforth the proved merits and high class finish of the

DAIMLER, FIAT, AND WOLSELEY

Motor Cars as used by H. I. M. The King-Emperor, H. E. The Viceroy and all the principal Ruling Chiefs of India have placed these cars in the front rank far in advance of other Motors.

Full particulars of 1912 models from the SOLE AGENTS.

THE BOMBAY MOTOR CAR CO., LTD.
11, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE,
BOMBAY.

SUPPLIERS OF MOTOR CARS BY APPOINTMENT TO
H. E. LORD HARDINGE.
Viceroy and Governor-General of India.

Reduce the Cost of Motoring.

First 1888 Foremost ever since

Tyre Cost should not be reckoned by initial expenditure but by duration of service.

When durability and service are considered in conjunction with initial cost, it has been clearly demonstrated that Dunlop Tyres reduce the cost of motoring, by the only conclusive method—the Test of Mileage.

DUNLOPS

DUNLOP RUBBER CO., LD.,
BOMBAY, 3 Wallace St. CALCUTTA, 3, Mangoe Lane,
MADRAS, 188c Mount Rd.

THE ITALIAN STORES.

C. COLONNELLO SON & Co.,
105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

GRUYERE, GORGONZOLA and PARMESAN, CHEESE, the best obtainable.
PURE ITALIAN OLIVE OIL, unsurpassable for purity.
ITALIAN WHITE WINE VINEGAR, the produce of the grape only.
MACCARONI, VERMICELLI and SOUP PASTES, always in stock, consignments received by every Italian Steamer Monthly.
HOR'S D'OUVRE in glass jars and in tins of different varieties from the best Home Firms.
WINES and LIQUEURS, from the best Houses in France and Italy.
SINGAPORE CANE CHAIRS, SETTIES, EASY CHAIRS, and TABLES of various patterns and designs always in stock.
FRESH ITALIAN LIMES, now in stock.
Our famous GRIGNOLINO CLARET (pure grape Wine) in great demand.

GRIMAULT & Co.'s
ENERGICAL SYRUP
THE BEST NERVINE TONIC FOR BRAIN AND BODY.

IT is prescribed in cases of Nervous Exhaustion, Neurasthenia, Anæmia, Cholorosis to shorten convalescence, loss of manhood, etc.

SOLE AGENTS:

V. C. DASTUR & CO.,
PRINCESS STREET, BOMBAY.

Daimler
MOTOR CARS.

His Imperial Majesty the King-Emperor's stud of Motor Cars consists entirely of Daimlers and H. I. Majesty has just honoured the Daimler Co. with an order for one of their 1912 models.

Obtainable at English prices plus cost of importation from the SOLE AGENTS IN INDIA.

THE BOMBAY MOTOR CAR CO., LTD.,
11, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE,
BOMBAY.

SUPPLIERS OF MOTOR CARS BY APPOINTMENT TO
H. E. LORD HARDINGE.
Viceroy and Governor-General of India.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the office by 6 p.m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS superscribed "Tenders for Summer and Winter CLOTHING MATERIAL" are invited and will be received by the Manager in his office, at Lahore (Post Office, Naulakha), up to 12 noon, on TUESDAY, the 10th December, 1912, at which date, time and place, they will be opened in the presence of any Tenderers who wish to be present. The Stores will require to be delivered at Lahore Stores Depot, but may be consigned from outstations in accordance with terms noted in the form of Tender. The following are the items required:—

Cloth Drill blue	27" wide,	1,15,000	Yards
,, ,, khaki	do.	10,000	,,
,, ,, red superior	27" wide	2,000	,,
,, Cotton blue for medal puggrees		1,75,000	,,
,, Serge grey natural		500	,,
,, Grey blanketting		20,000	,,

2. All material must be of genuine country manufacture and tenderers must state on their tenders at what Mills in India the material will be made, or other source of supply.

3. Form of Tender with full particulars can be obtained on application to the Chief Storekeeper, North Western Railway, Lahore, by whom a charge of Rs. 5 will be made.

4. Samples of the various items tendered legibly, marked with the name and address of Tenderers, should be delivered free of all charges, at the office of the Chief Storekeeper, North Western Railway Lahore, not later than 12 noon, on MONDAY the 9th December, 1912.

5. Earnest money as prescribed in form of tender must be remitted in cash or currency notes encashable at Lahore without discount charges to the Chief Cashier, North Western Railway, Naulakha, Lahore with a covering letter stating that the amount has been remitted in connection with tender for Summer and Winter Clothing material, and his receipt should be attached to the form of tender.

6. Tenders not submitted on the prescribed form or received without the receipt for earnest money will not be considered.

7. The Manager holds himself at liberty to select one or more items from any tender without reference to other items in the same tender and does not bind himself to accept the whole or any part of the lowest or any tender.

8. The acceptance or rejection of the tender will not be notified till about a month from date of opening of tenders.

By Order,
CHIEF STOREKEEPER,
North Western Railway,
Naulakha, Lahore.

Chief Storekeeper's Office.
Dated 11th November, 1912.

INDIAN TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

AN EXAMINATION will be held in Bombay for paid appointments as probationers in the European and Eurasian portion of the signalling establishment of the Telegraph Department in the Bombay Circle. Candidates must be between the ages of 15 and 20. Applications accompanied by certificates of birth and good conduct should be made to the Postmaster-General, Telegraph Traffic Branch, Bombay Circle, Bombay, who will furnish full particulars regarding date and subjects for examination and pay and prospects of Telegraphists in the Telegraph Department. Probationers (Males and Females) will receive an allowance of Rs. 2 per mensem while under training and after passing a satisfactory examination, will be appointed as Telegraphists.

M. A. THOMPSON,
for Postmaster-General,
Telegraph Traffic Branch,
Bombay Circle.

NOTICE.

PHIPSON & CO.,
BOMBAY
Agents
AT
DELHI.

KING KING & CO.,
1, KASHMIR GATE.

BOMBAY GAZETTE
CHRISTMAS NUMBER.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

THE Literary Supplement of the *Bombay Gazette*, for publication in November, will be one of more than usual attractiveness and contain STORIES BY THE BEST WRITERS OF THE DAY.

Among these will be found G. R. SIMS, A and C. ASKEW, Sir A. QUILLER COUCH, J. H. McCARTHY, KATHARINE TYNAN, BARRY PAIN, DOROTHEA DEAKIN and HAROLD BLINDLOSS.

In addition it will have numerous pages of SKETCHES BY WELL-KNOWN ARTISTS, including HILDA COWHAM, A. E. MORTON, WILL OWEN and J. DODWORTH. It will in every way surpass its predecessors.

Advertisement space is limited and much is already taken up; it is therefore desirable that application should be made early to the

GENERAL MANAGER,
"Bombay Gazette" Office, Fort.

CANVAS
DAVID CORSAR & SONS
BEST FLAX CANVAS
For full particulars apply:—
SHALABHOY TYEBJI & SONS,
BANK STREET, FORT,
BOMBAY.

AMUSEMENTS.

EXCELSIOR CINEMATOGRAPH.

TO-NIGHT
There will be a complete change of Programme:—
1. DR. BRIAN PELLIE ESCAPES FROM PRISON.
2. BETWEEN TWO GIRLS.
3. THE LIVE MAN'S TOMB.
4. JINI'S BIRTHDAY.
5. WEEKLY GAZETTE.

THREE SHOWS AS USUAL.
7 to 8: 8-30 to 9-30: 10 to 11 p.m.

MAIDANIA.

SKATING. SKATING.
SUNDAY
MORNING.
8 to 11 A. M.
Cool and nice in the Morning Air.
Admission with Skates Re. 1.

SATURDAY
23RD NOV.
CARNIVAL.
FANCY DRESS? FANCY DRESS?
SKATING DANCING,
SKATING & DANCING
alternately.
TWO MILITARY BANDS.
Eight Handsome Money Prizes
for
most effective costumes.
CARNIVAL
Admission to the Rink enclosure
RE. 1.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & COMPANY,
No. 16, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE of valuable landed property at Girgaon on Breach Candy Road, near Chira Bazaar (Lot No. 4.)

Under instructions from Mr. Vithaldas Nensey the Receiver in Suit No. 850 of 1911 (Bai Lanubai widow vs. Bai Bainrabai, widow of Sirdar Rao Nana Moroba and others) Messrs CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction on TUSDAY, the 19th day of November, 1912 at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.) The following valuable landed property on the premises:

Particulars—All that piece or parcel of pension and Tax land or ground with a dwelling house standing thereon, situate on the Eastern side of Girgaon on Breach Candy Road without the Fort of Bombay in the registration sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement two hundred and eighty-seven square yards or thereabouts and assessed by the Collector of Assesment under street Nos. 733-341 and Ward Nos, 2043-44 and by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 11, New No. 49, Old Survey No. 245, New Survey No. 196 and bounded on the East by the property of I. F. Wary, on the West by the said Girgon Breach Candy, on the North by the property of Dadabhoy Merwanji Kerawala and on the South by the property of Wamon Bapuji Khotare.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs Mulji Khambatta and Thakordas, Attorneys for the Receivers, at their Office No. 7 Church-gate Street, Fort, or the Undersigned.

AUCTION SALE of valuable landed property at Bazar Road Mahim (next to Mr. Dadabhai Dubash's Bungalow).

Under instructioon from Khan Bahadur Hormusji Manekji Baiwandiwala the Transferee of the mortgage dated the 4th day of Febraary, 1910 made between Pestonji Dhanjibhoy Warden of the one part and Bai Dinbai widow of Khurshedji Ruttonji Sethna of the other part and on account at the risk of Bai Sherinbai widow of the said Pestonji Dhanjibhoy Warden and other heirs and legal representatives of the said Pestonji Dhunjibhoy Warden and pursuant to the power of sale vested in the said Khan Bahadur Hormusji Manekji Bhivandiwala by virtue of an Indenture of Transfer of mortgage dated the 4th day of May 1911 and made between the said Bai Dinbai widow of Kaurshedji Rustamji Sethna of the 1st part the said Pestonji Dhanjibhoy Warden of the 2nd part and the said Khan Bahadur Bhivandiwala of the 3rd part and by virtue of an Indenture of further charge dated the 4th day of May 1911 made between the said Pestonji Dhanjibhoy Warden of the one part and Khan Bahadur Hormusji Manekji Bhiwandiwala of the other part Messrs. Crawford and Co. will sell by Public Auction on Wednesday, the 22nd day of November, 1912 at 5 p. m. (S. T.). the following landed property on the Premises.

PARTICULARS.—All that piece or parcel of land or ground with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate lying and being at Mahim on the East side of the Mahim Bazar Road in the Island of Bombay in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay containing by admeasurement 1,175 1-6 square yards or thereabouts bearing Ward Nos. 4708, 4709. 4710, Street Nos. 38, 39, 40 Collector's Old No. 9 New No. 3452 Old Survey No. 214 and New Survey No. 2-1543 and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the North by the property of Esmail Beg Mahomed on or towards the South by the property of Memon Abba on or towards the East by the Mahim Bazar Road and on or towards the West by the Mahim sea face.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Bicknell Merwanji Romer and Co., at their office at Sardar Buildings, Hunum Street, Fort, or to the Undersigned.

CRAWFORD & Co.
Bombay, 15th November, 1912.

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SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT & COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF COTTON, COTTON WASTE, AMERICAN STRIPING COTTON, COTTONFLY CLEAN AND OILY, THREAD WASTE, WHITE AND COLOURED ETC., damaged by fire and or water.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 15th instant, at 4 p.m., (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on the Sassoon Dock Bunder, Colaba, on account of the concerned.—A large quantity of Bales of Cotton, loose cotton, cotton waste, Bales of American striping cotton, cottonfly clean and oily, thread waste, white and coloured, etc., damaged by fire and or water.
A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE of very valuable landed properties at Mazagon Mount Pakhady or at Tank Bunder Road.

Under instructions from Mr. E. D. Sethna, the Official Assignee and Assignee of the Estate and effects of Haji Jan-Mahomed Haji Mahomed and with the consent and concurrence of Mr. Haji Jakaria Haji Ahmed Patel, the mortgagee under an Indenture of Mortgage dated the 20th day of April 1909, Messrs. BENNET & Co. will put up for sale by Public Auction, "as is the premises," the immoveable property hereunder described on the date hereunder mentioned.

(1) THIS DAY FRIDAY the 15th day of November, 1912 at 4-30 P. M. (S.T.)

All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground with the messuage, tenement or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate on the southern side of the Mount Pakhady or Tank Bunder Road in the Island and Registration District of Bombay and containing by admeasurement one thousand two hundred and seventy-five square yards or thereabouts be the same a little more or less and Registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 17, New No. 16343, Old Survey No. 699 2 and New Survey No. — and assessed by the Municipality under No. 3 Mount Pakhady New Street No. 2 Mount Road E. Ward No. 4959 and bounded on or towards the north by a Public passage on or towards the east by the property of Narayan Heerji on or towards the south by a portion of the Cart called Narelwady and on or towards the west by the property of Limji Dinshawji Panday. 3711

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Payne and Co., Solicitors for the Official Assignee, or to the Undersigned,

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE BUILDING PLOTS, at Chowpati, facing the Sea:

On THURSDAY, the 21st November, 1912, at 4-30 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on the premises, of the Hashmat Mahal Bungalow, in 10 lots, the very valuable immovable properties situate on the Queen's Road, Hughes Road, and Sandhurst Road, Chowpati, formerly the property of the late Mr. Mahomedaly Rogay, but now the property of Aishabibi, his widow, and Rabiabibi alias Mumtaz Jahan Begum, his daughter.

Note:—Only two plots No. 7 and 11 were sold at the last sale and the others were not sold owing to the request of certain purchasers who were going to Poona to attend the ceremony of laying the foundation stone of Sir Currimbhoy Ebrahim's School at Poona.

Lot No. 1.—Vacant land of pension and tax tenure partly leasehold and partly newly assessed land fronting on Queen's Road, admeasuring 1,333 square yards or thereabouts.

Lot No. 2.—Vacant land partly of pension and tax tenure, and partly newly assessed land with the building thereon, formerly occupied by the Orient Club and now by the Khoja Punjibhoy Club, fronting on Queen's Road admeasuring 2,164½ sq. yds. or thereabouts.

Lot No. 3.—Vacant land partly of pension and tax tenure, and partly newly assessed land fronting on Queen's Road containing 1,444½ square yards or thereabouts.

Lot No. 4.—Vacant land partly of pension and tax tenure and partly newly assessed land fronting on Queen's Road, containing 1,387 sq. yds. or thereabouts.

Lot No. 5.—Vacant land of pension and tax tenure, fronting on the Queen's Road, containing 1,553 sq. yds. or thereabouts.

Lot No. 6.—Vacant land of pension and tax tenure, fronting on the Queen's Road, containing 1,596½ square yards or thereabouts.

Lot No. 8.—Piece of land of pension and tax tenure, with the out-houses standing thereon, containing 1,825½ sq. yds. or thereabouts.

Lot No. 9.—Vacant land of pension and tax tenure, containing 1,868½ sq. yds. or thereabouts.

Lot No. 10.—Piece of land of pension and tax tenure with the building thereon, containing 2,460½ sq. yds., or thereabouts.

Lot No. 12.—Piece of land of pension and tax tenure with trees, standing thereon, fronting on Hughes Road, containing 11,539½ sq. yds. or thereabouts.

The land comprised in the above twelve lots is registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue and assessed by the Municipality under various numbers and it is impossible to allocate any particular number or numbers to any particular lot or lots.

A plan of the above lots can be inspected at the office of Messrs. Craigie, Blunt and Caroe, the Solicitors for the Vendors, at Standard Buildings, Hornby Road, Bombay, or at the office of Messrs. BENNETT and Co., the Auctioneers, at No. 22, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

The above plots with other properties belonging to the late Mahomedali bin Manomed Ameen Rogay are at present mortgaged but reconveyances thereof will be obtained from the mortgagees prior to completion of sales.

BONA FIDE SALE
AUCTION SALE of Valuable Garden with tubs and pots.

On SATURDAY, the 23rd instant at 3-30 p. m. (S. T.) Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Pedder Road, Camballa Hall, a very large assortment of valuable garden plants in tubs and pots such as maiden hair and silver ferns, begonias, cannas, alemendas, poinsitas, crotons, very rich punkha and date palms, rich rose trees, in tubs and pots, assorted summer house plants, crotons, annuals and bi-annual plants in baskets, iron stands for pots, garden implements etc., etc., the property of the Hon'ble. Mrs. W. C. Symes.
The garden will be on view from Monday next.
BENNETT & Co.
Bombay, 15th November, 1912.

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DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, Nov. 13.] [BOMBAY, Nov. 14.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
2 1-2 per cent. Consols	74 15-16	3-16	
3 do. Rentes	90	1-2	
4½ do. Sterling Loan	91 1-2	1-2	
do. do. Gov. Securities	63 3-4		unchgd
Bar Silver in London Spot	28 15-16	1-16	
do. 2 months' rence	28 1-16	1-16	
Bar Silver in New York	62 5-8	1-8	
Exchanges on London at Paris	25·23		unchgd
do. do. at Berlin	20 53 1-2		0-1
do. do. New York	4·85		1-4
Discount Bank of England Rate	5		since
do. Short London Bills	17th Oct		
3 months' sight	4 15-16		unchgd
do. Indian Bank Bills			
6 months' sight	4 3-4		unchgd
do. 3 months' Fine Trade Bills	5 3-8		unchgd
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills	5 3-8		unchgd
Interest day-to-day Loans	3 2-8		unchgd
do. 7 day Market Loans	3 3-4		unchgd

Bar Gold. ... 77·9 unchgd.

Exchange on India 30 days' sight (Bank buying rate) 1 3 7-8 unchgd.

Closing Tone of Silver—Indian buying.

COUNCIL BILLS.

At the periodical Biddings for Council Bills on India to-day, for Rs. 80,00,000.

Rs. 40,60,000 were allotted to Calcutta.
" 13,90,000 " to Bombay.
" 13,80,000 " to Madras.

" 68,30,000

Tenders on Calcutta, at 1s. 4 1-32d. (Min. Rate) received 8 per cent. above that rate in full.

Tenders on Bombay, at 1s. 4 1-32d. (Min. Rate) received 8 per cent. above that rate in full.

Average rates of allotment, Calcutta and Bombay 16·04.

Telegraphic Transfers:—

Rs. 8,70,000 were allotted to Calcutta
" 2,00,000 " to Bombay
" 1,00,000 " to Madras

" 11,70,000

Tenders on Calcutta, at 1s 4 1-16d. (Min. Rate) received 8 per cent. above that rate in full.

Tenders on Bombay, at 1s. 4 1-16d. (Min. Rate) received 8 per cent. above that rate in full.

Average rates of allotment, Calcutta and Bombay 16·06.

Total amount of Bills sold during the week ending Tuesday evening, including last Public Sales, Rs. 80,00,000.

Amount to be allotted next week, Rs. 80,00,000.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—

Spot ... Steady.—Quie
Futures ... Easy
Manchester ... Moderately active
Total Sales ... 7,000 bales.
Sold on Speculation and for Export ... 1,000 "
Imports ... 26,000 "
Mid-Americans ... 6·69-04
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown ... 10 00-05

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar-Apl.
6·55	6·53	6·52	6·51	6·50
unchgd	unchgd	unchgd	unchgd	—01
Apr.-May.	May.-June	June-July.	July-Aug.	
6·50	6·50	6·49	6·47	
—01	—01	—01	—02	

New York 11 a.m., Dec. 11·74 Mar. 12·03.
New York official Noon call Dec. 11·77, Mar. 12·04.
New Orleans 10 a.m. Dec. 12·04, Mar. 12·22.

NEW YORK—

	Bales.
Day's Receipts at U. S. Ports	37,000
" Receipts at " last year	52,000
" Exports to Great Britain	14,000
" Exports to Continent	40,000
" Spot Cotton	12·00—20

Futures—Month of Dec. 11·63—21 — Declined owing to unfavourable cables and to reported slack spot demand.

Futures—Month of Mar. 11·33—22

NEW ORLEANS—

Spot cotton ... 12 1-8 unchgd
Futures month of Dec. ... 11·97—19
Futures month of Mar. ... 12·14—20
Tone of Spot Cotton ... Quiet

NEILL BROTHERS' REPORT.

"Our estimate of the crop is 14 1-2 million Bales minimum"

Liverpool, Nov. 12.

Tone Dhoo ties and Shirtings ... High prices asked check business
Tone Cloths ... Quiet but steady
Weft American "54" ... 12
Weft Egyptian "80" ... 18 1-8
Tone—Yarn—Market steady.
Weft Egyptian "32" ... 11 3-4
Twist "32" W T C ... 10 1-4
Twist "32" B ... 10 5-8
Cloth G 20 36 inch ... 13 9
Twist "36" W T C ... 10 1-2
Twist "36" B ... 10 7-8
Twist "42" ... 12 1-8
Twist American "60" ... 16 1-2
Twist Egyptian "60" ... 17
Twist Egyptian "80" ... 21 1-2
40s Banner Mill Twist ... 11 1-4
Geo Mayall's Yarn ... 11
F. G. F Tinnevely C I F—Liverpool ... 6 5-32
Buyers or Sellers ... Nominal
Months ... Nov.—Dec.
Delayed owing to mutilation.

Manchester Nov. 14.

Grey shirtings 41-42in. 38 yds 16 by 15 ... 8 10
" " 44in. 38 38 1-2 yds 9lbs ... 9 3
White " 40-41in. 40 yds 18 square ... 10 9 1-2
" Nainsooks 43 in. 19 yds 22 by 21 ... 7 2

WHEAT.

White Delhi ... Nominal
Do. Months— ...
Do. Name of Ports— ...
Wheat White Karachi ... 39 unchgd
Do. Months ... Nov.-Dec.
Do. Name of Ports—London—Sellers.
White Red Karachi ... 34 5-8 unchgd
Do Months:— Nov.-Dec
London—Value

Tone—Dull.

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rosario Santa Fe—62lbs ... 35 3-4
Do. Months— ... Jan.-Feb.—Sellers
Barletta Russo 62 12lbs ... No Sellers—Dull

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian ... 37 3-4
Do Months Feb.-Mar.—Sellers

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—

Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs 85 p.c. ex-ship, ... 53—1-4
Do. Months— ... Nov.-Dec.
Do. Name of Ports— Antwerp—Sellers
Yellow Gujarat, per 416 lbs. 85 p. c. ex-ship ... Nominal
Do. Months— ...
Do. Name of Ports.— ...
Brown Cawnpore ... 48 1-2—1-4
Do. Months— ... Nov.-Dec.
Do. Name of Ports— Antwerp—Sellers
Tone—Quiet but steady.

LINSEED—

Bombay, per 416 lbs ex-ship ... 55—2-4
Do. Months— ... Nov.-Dec.
Do. Name of Ports.—Antwerp—Buyers.
Tone—Quiet but steady.
Linseed Argentine—La Plata ... 48 3-8—1-8
Do. Months— ... Dec.-Jan.
Do. Name of Ports— Hamburg Sellers

COTTONSEED.—

Bombay Cottonseed Market ... £ 6-17-6+0-0-6
Nov.-Dec.—Hull—Sellers—Quiet but steady

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—

In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality) ... 14 7-8 unchgd

RUBBER—

Para Rubber ... 4 3 1-2—1d
Nov.-Dec.—Sellers—Steady

METALS—

Copper Braziers ... £ 88 1-2+1-2
Yellow Metal ... d 7 3-8 unchgd.
Standard Copper G M B ... £ 77+5-8

BEEF & MUTTON TALLOW—

Finest Australian Beef Tallow 38 6
" " Mutton Tallow 41 6
General Tone of Tallow Auction Firm

FREIGHTS—

Coals—Cardiff, to Bombay Canals...15s 6d—Nominal.

BEEF AND MUTTON TALLOW—

Finest Australian Beef Tallow ... 32·6
" " Mutton Tallow ... 41·6
General Tone of Tallow Auction—Firm.

SUGAR—

German Granulated Sugar C & F India (Double bags) ... 12 10 1-2+2 1-4d
Do. Months of Shipment...Jan.-Mar.—Sellers.
Tone—Business on a very limited scale
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C & F India ... 12 4 1-2+3-4d
Do Months of Shipments ...Jan.-Mar.—Value
Tone—Firm—Very little offering
German Beet-root 50 p.c. ... 9 6 3-4+3-4d
Months of Shipments ... Nov.—Sellers
10 1 1-4+1d.—May—Sellers.
Tone—Good demand. Little offering. Opened firm. Closed quieter.

E A R & Similar Crystal C & F India ... 14 1 1-2 unchgd
Months of Shipments ...Jan.-Mar.—Sellers.
Tone.—Firm.—Inactive
Mauritius Crystals C & F Calcutta and Bombay ... 12 unchgd
Month of Shipments ... Dec.—Value
Tone—Firm.
Java Sugar—Unchgd Firm Small business

BOMBAY MARKETS.

THURSDAY EVENING.] [14TH NOV., 1912

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value.	From	Importers.
	Rs.		
3 Boxes Bullion	96,000	London	Mercantile Bank
37 Bars Silver	75,000	Adelaide	Eastern Bank
331 Bars Silver	6,75,000	London	Mint Master
1 Box Silver	6,75,000	do	do
550 Boxes Silver Dollars	9,75,000	do	do

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL on 12th Nov., 1912.

By	Bars	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway	12	12,898
B. B. and C. I. Railway	16	18,977

FINANCIAL.

MONEY:—

The Cash balance of the Bank of Bengal is 89 lakhs down and the Bank rate has been raised one per cent, and is now 6 per cent.

The Bank of Bombay has also raised its rate one per cent and it now stands at 5 per cent.

EXCHANGE:—

The market opened steady and unchanged. There has been very little business doing either way. Far Eastern rates are steadier.

We quote:—

T. T. on London	1s. 4 1-32d
Demand Drafts	1s. 4 1-16d
Credits 3 months' sight	1s. 4 11-32d.
Do. do forward	1s. 4 11-32d. to Feb.
Do. do France	171 1-2
Do. do Marks	189 3-4
Hongkong 60 days' sight	151
Shanghai "	209 1-2
Japan "	150 1-4

GOVERNMENT PAPER:—

The market opened quiet but steady at 95 3-8 for Cash and the Settlement and has remained unchanged during the day with only a small business doing.

We quote:—

Cash	Rs. 95 6 0
Settlement	" 95 6 0

BULLION:—

Bar Silver in London yesterday closed 1-16 higher both for ready and forward at 28 15-16 and 29 1-16 respectively. New York work was 1-8 up at 62 5-8. The local market opened at 72 3-4 ex-duty for ready bars and 72 7-8 for the first Settlement and has declined 1-4 during the day closing as under. A moderate business has been done. Bar gold is steady.

We quote:—

English Bar Gold	Rs.	23 15 0
Australian "	"	23 15 0
Sovereigns "	"	15 0 0
Silver (ex duty)		
Ready	"	72 8 0
1st Settlement	"	72 10 0
2nd Settlement	"	72 15 0
Silver (cum duty)		
Ready	"	81 14 0
1st Settlement	"	82 0 0
2nd Settlement	"	82 5 0

COTTON.

MARKET REPORT:—

Fluctuations continue in the home markets, and yesterday New York and New Orleans closed 19 to 22 points lower in futures. Messrs. Neill Brothers estimate of the crop, viz 14 1-2 million bales minimum, is decidedly bearish; and as they have been fairly correct in recent years their estimate may turn out very near the mark, and is certainly worthy of the fullest consideration. The local market opened easier, good Broach being quoted Rs. 309 and during the early part of the day the rate fell to Rs. 307 1-2, other quotations being lower in proportion. There has been little business doing during the day and at Colaba prices gave way further, good Broach closing at Rs. 305 1-2. Other quotations are as under.

For ready cotton there has been a moderate demand by Japan shippers and local mills.

QUOTATIONS:—

NEW CROP.

Fine M. G. Broach	Rs.	315 March
Good M. G. Broach	Rs.	305 1-2 "
Fine M.G. Wardha-Hinganghat	"	306 Jan.
Fine M. G. Nagpur	"	304 "
Fine M.G. Dhamangaon Pulgaon	"	300 "
F. M. G. Khamgaon-Akola	"	297 "
Fine M. G. Khandeish	"	285 "
F. G. M. G. Khandeish	"	275 "
Fine M. G. Bengal	"	271 "
Fine M. G. Bengal	"	272 Dec.
" " "	"	275 Nov.
F. G. H. G. Bengals	"	255-6 Jan.

LIVERPOOL OPENER:—

Opening Tone ... Easy.
Estimated Sales ... 8,000 bales.
Total Imports ... 8,000 "

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.
6·49	6·47	6·46
—06		
Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-Apr	Apr.-May.
6·45	6·44	6·44
—06		
May-June.	June.-July.	July-August.
6·44	6·43	6·41
—06		

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED:—

The market is quiet but steady.

We quote:—

Ready	Rs.	9 0 0	B.T.
December	"	9 11 6	R.T.
Apl-May 1913	"	9 15 0	R.T.

RAPESEED:—Quiet but steady.

We quote:—

Brown Delhi Apl-May 1913	Rs.	8 6 0	R.T.
Brown Cawnpore ready	"	7 11 0	B.T.
Yellow " "	"	8 11 0	"

GINGELLYSEED:—

Tone—Steady.

Bold White 85 p.c.	Rs.	55 0 0	
Black Kutni	"	46 8 0	
Ready White Khandeish	"	56 8 0	

POPPYSEED:—

Tone—Quiet. We quote:—

Ready	Rs.	12 11 0	B. T.

CASTORSEED:—

Tone—Quiet. We quote:—

Ready	Rs.	38 0 0	

COTTONSEED:—

Tone—Steady. We quote:—

Ready	Rs.	28 0 0	
Forward	"	26 8 0	D. J.

GROUNDNUTS:—

Tone—Quiet.

We quote:—

Jan.-Feb. Bold	Rs.	45 0 0	
Jan.-Feb. Small	"	44 0 0	

MOWRASEED:—

Tone—Quiet. We quote:—

Ready	Rs.	8 8 0	B. T.

WHEAT:—

The market is steady.

We quote:—

White Pissi ready 85 p.c.	Rs.	5 8 0	R. T.
" May 1913	"	5 8 6	"

SHARES.

BANKS.

Bank of Bombay	...	1,755
Bank of India	...	65
Eastern Bank	...	94
Indian Specie	...	72 1-2

MILLS.

	Dec.
David	547 1-2
Indore Malwa	178 3-4
Indian Bleaching	122 1-2
Kohinoor	862 1-2
Manookji Petit	3,242 1-2
New Great Eastern	290
Standard	1,497 1-2

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay E. S. & T. C. Ordinary	174 1-2
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Preference	180
Bombay S. N. Ord.	271 1-4
Colaba Land and Mill	1,520 Dec.
Shivrajpur Mining Syndicate	22 1-2

RAILWAY.

Tapti Valley	557 1-2

DAYS' RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of produce into Bombay, during the 24 hours ended at 6 p. m., on yesterday:—

Cotton	1,774	bales.
Wheat	9,116	cwts.
Linseed	637	"
Rapeseed	Nil	"
Gingellyseed	4,258	"
Poppyseed	Nil	"
Groundnuts	687	"
Castorseed	7,463	"
Rice	24,077	"
Myrabollams	952	"
Cottonseed	2,344	"
Mowrasseed	215	"
Gram	3,393	"
Joowar	781	"
Maize	753	"
Barley	3,465	"

PETROLEUM.

The following are the rates ruling to-day for the undermentioned brands of the Asiatic Petroleum Coy., (India), Ld:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
Rising Sun Brand Bulk Loose per unit	3	6	0
Rising Sun Brand New Tins per pair	4	0	0
Bull Brand Bulk Loose per unit	3	2	0
Bull Brand New Tins per pair	3	12	0
Swan Brand Bulk Loose per unit	3	1	0
Swan Brand New Tins per pair	3	11	0
Anchor Tins per pair	4	2	0
Shell 150 cases per case	5	4	0
Anchor cases per case	4	8	0

HOME REMITTANCES

The Treasury, Calcutta, Nov. 12.

The Weekly Memorandum of Remittances to the Home Treasury:—

Amount Estimated in the Financial Statement to be remitted during 1912-13 ... £ 15,500,000

Remitted from 1st April, 1912 to 9th Nov., 1912, by Council Bills ... £ 12,720,244
By Gold ... £ 1,929,588

Balance to make up original estimate ... £ 850,168

Of this sum £44,310,697 has been taken to the account of the Currency Reserve.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

REGULAR daily through Service between Bombay and the Principal Cities in the United Provinces, Oudh, the Punjab and North-West Frontier Provinces.

BOGIE STOCK, ELECTRIC LIGHTS AND FANS.

RESTAURANT CAR.

EASE, COMFORT AND LUXURY ENSURED.

BETWEEN

DOWN H. M.	BOMBAY AND PESHAWAR.	UP H. M.
19-15 ... Dep.	Bombay ..... Arr.	12-35
0-10 ... Arr.	Manmad ..... "	7-16
10-29 ... "	Bhopal ..... "	21- 5
12-56 ... "	Bina ..... "	18-35
15-25 ... "	Jhansi ..... "	15-30
17-18 ... "	Gwalior ..... "	13-43
19-32 ... "	Agra Cantonment ..... "	11-20
20-36 ... "	Muttra ..... "	10-19
23- 0 ... "	Delhi ..... Dep.	8- 0
23-25 ... Dep.	Delhi ..... Arr.	7-38
2-52 ... Arr.	Amballa Cantonment ... "	2-51
5-29 ... "	Ludhiana ..... "	1-10
5-53 ... "	Phillaur ..... "	0-53
6-32 ... "	Jullundur ..... "	0- 9
8- 7 ... "	Amritsar ..... "	23-34
9-13 ... "	Lahore ..... "	18-13
14-33 ... "	Lala Musa ..... "	15-35
18-36 ... "	Rawalpindi ..... "	11-29
23-18 ... "	Peshawar Cantonment ... Dep.	6-54

BETWEEN

DOWN H. M.	BOMBAY AND SIMLA.	UP H. M.
19-15 ..... Dep.	Bombay ..... Arr.	12-35
23- 0 ..... Arr.	Delhi Dep.	8- 0
23-25 ..... Dep.	Delhi Arr.	7-28
2-52 ..... Arr.	Amballa Dep.	3-55
3-35 ..... Dep.	Amballa Arr.	2-51
5-28 ..... Arr.	Kalka Dep.	1-30
6- 5 ..... Dep.	Kalka Arr.	0-49
12-30 ..... Arr.	Simla ..... Dep.	18-30

BETWEEN

DOWN H. M.	BOMBAY AND LUCKNOW.	UP H. M.
19-15 ..... Dep.	Bombay ..... Arr.	12-35
16-15 ..... "	Jhansi ..... "	15- 5
18- 7 ..... Arr.	Orai ..... "	13- 8
30-14 ..... "	Cawnpore ..... "	10-55
21-45 ..... "	Lucknow ..... Dep.	9-45

For up journey read from bottom to top on right hand side.

A. C. RUMBOLL,
GENERAL TRAFFIC MANAGER.

GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

("Bombay Government Gazette," Nov. 14.)

The election of Mr. T. C. Ghaisas, Mamlatdar, as Vice-President of the Taluka Local Board of Sindkheda in the West Khandesh District, is approved.

The election of Mr. Narhar Bapuji Joshi, Mamlatdar, as Vice-President of the Taluka Local Board of Amalner, in the East Khandesh District is approved.

The election of Mr. Shankar Ganesh Bhadbhade, Mamlatdar, as Vice-President of the Taluka Local Board of Erandol in the East Khandesh District is approved.

The appointment by election of Mr. Ganesh Bapuji Deshmukh, a non-official nominated member, as Vice-President of the Taluka Local Board of Roha in the Kolaba District vice Mr. Kashinath Mahadeo Dandekar, B.A., resigned, is approved.

Mr. P. H. Dastur, Second Presidency Magistrate, Bombay, is granted privilege leave for one month from the 24th November with permission to affix the ensuing Christmas Holidays to it.

Mr. B. G. Shahane, Mahalkari, Mahableshwar, in the district of Satara, is appointed a Magistrate of the Second Class in that district.

Syed Muniruddin Sirajuddin Molvi on relief, to be District Deputy Collector, Satara.

Mr. J. G. Shelat, substantive protem. Mamlatdar, taluka A'nand in the district of Kaira, is appointed Magistrate of the Second Class in that district.

Mr. Brijlal Keshavlalto be a Fourth Grade Deputy Superintendent of Police, vice Kumar Shri Mansinhji, resigned.

Mr. Madhav Jagannath Dikshit on relief to be Additional District Deputy Collector, Ahmedabad.

Mr. Jamshedji Nowroji Nagarwala to act as Assistant to the Commissioner, L. D., during the absence on leave of Mr. Dossabhai Rustamji Mobedji or pending further orders.

Syed Muniruddin Sirajuddin Moulvi to be a sixth Grade Deputy Collector with effect from the 1st November, 1912, in the vacancy of Mr. Bulchand Chandumal, retired.

Mr. Krishnaji, Hari Gokhle to act as Deputy Collector, Sixth Grade, and Personal Assistant to the Director of Agriculture during the absence on leave of Mr. Yeshwant Nilkanth Anandkar, or pending further orders.

Mr. K. Fahey, Additional Deputy Registrar and Commissioner for taking affidavits, High Court, Bombay, is granted privilege leave from the 11th day of November to the 17th day of December both days inclusive.

Mr. Ramchandra Rajaram Sonalkar, Mahalkari of Guhagar in the Ratnagiri District, is appointed to act as Mamlatdar of Devgad, Mr. Mahadev Malhar Samant reverting.

Mr. Anandrav Sakharam Karnik and Mr. Hormasji Barjorji Spencer, are admitted as Vakils of the High Court.

Mr. Eknath Bapuji Rudra is authorised to practise as a Pleader in the Khandesh District.

Mr. Narsinha Mahadev Udapi is authorised to practise as a Pleader in the Dharwar District.

Mr. Ramchandra Shankar Phadnis authorised to practise as a Pleader in the Satara District.

Mr. Kasim Aga Aban Aga, excise Sub-Inspector, Belgaum Circle, to act as Inspector, Paragad Circle, Mr. Coelho on leave.

Mr. Bhimaji Sidram Dhor, a candidate, to act as excise Sub-Inspector, Belga Circle.

The following transfers of Excise Inspectors ordered by the Collector of Belgaum, are notified:—Mr. M. DeSouza, District Inspector, Khanapur Circle, to be District Inspector, A'thni North Circle. Mr B. H. Lywalla, District Inspector, A'thni North Circle, to be District Inspector, Khanapur Circle.

The following transfers and appointment of Excise Sub-Inspectors are ordered in the Thana District:—Mr. S. H. Daniels, Sub-Inspector, Bhilad Umbargaon Petha, to be Sub-Inspector, Zaroli, Nagar-Avely Frontier. Mr. R. E. Cobla, Sub-Inspector, Zaroli, Nagar-Avely Frontier, to be Sub-Inspector, Bhilad, Umbargaon Petha, continuing to act as Inspector, Dahanu, as at present; and Mr. K.H. Tarapore valla to act as Sub-Inspector, Bhilad, Umbargaon Petha, in the grade of Rs. 30, vice Mr. Cobla, Excise Jamadar Jairam Dhondu, Acting Sub-Inspector Zaroli, Nagar-Avely Frontier, reverting to the post of Jamadar from the date of relief.

DEPARTURES.

Per S. S. "Sicilia," Nov. 15.

The Italian Mail steamer "Sicilia," Capt Maganzini, will sail from No. 6 shed, Victoria-dock on the 15th instant. Medical inspection will take place alongside the steamer at 12 noon (S. T.) sharp.

Becker, Miss E.
Bashesbar Singh, Mrs.
Bremner, Mrs.
Cowie, Rev. A. G. G. and Mrs.
Carter, Mr. L. W.
Dias, Mr. A. F.
Duncan, Mr. Mrs. and child.
Ellertsen, Mrs.
Fox, Mr. A. C.
Fordyce, Major, Mrs. and child.
Hegglin, Rev. A.
MacDairmid, Mr.
McMuller, Miss.
Mungavin, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. and 2 Misses.
Malik, Mr. J. S.
Nazir Hasan, Mr.
Peppercorne, Miss.
Permanand Visandass, Mr.
Baddick, Miss E. M.
Ramaswamy, Mr. S. M.
Swain, Mrs. W.
Umrao Singh, Sardar and Mrs.
Venkayiak, Mr. P. J.

LOBSTERS don't keep green when they get into hot water, nor do faces keep fresh and clear in the tropics. What gives the complexion the bloom of freshness is Aubry Sisters' Famous Beautifier, the pet of the Americans. By cleansing the pores and feeding the tissues, it renders the skin as soft, smooth and velvety as that of a new-born infant. It is not a shiny powder nor a greasy cream, and its presence defies detection. Guaranteed harmless.—MADON SONS & Co., Crawford Market, Bombay.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE charges for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender, are Re. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

DEATH.

PEAKE—November 5, at Jhansi, Hugh Corryndon Pendoril Peake, Lieutenant, 107th Pioneers, of meningitis, aged 23 years.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

B. B. R. A. Society Meeting, Philharmonic Society's Room, Town Hall, 6-15 p.m.

Maidania, 6 to 12 p. m.

America-India Cinematograph, three shows nightly.

Excelsior Cinematograph, Novelty Theatre, 6-30 to 8; 8-30 to 9-30; 10 to 11-30 p. m.

Maxim: "The great secret of success about sure-to-win investments is not making them."—New York Press.

THE ENGLISH MAILS.

DEPARTURES.

The P. and O. Co.'s mail steamer "Arabia" will leave Bombay harbour on Saturday next at 2-39 p. m.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE.

The following are the hours of arrival and departure of the principal Mail trains and Express trains at and from Victoria Terminus and Colaba daily. Standard Time is given in all cases:—

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

	Arr.	Dep.
Punjab Mail	12-35	19-15
Calcutta Mail (via Jubbulpur)	13-30	21-15
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur)	8-30	14-0
Madras Mail	6-0	22-0
Poona Mail	11-10	14-45
Delhi Express (3rd and inter. class)	6-50	7-30
Poona Express	19-35	8-0
Manmad Express	12-20	14-25
Postal Express for Punjab ...		*
do do for Calcutta ...		"
do do for Madras ...		*

* Four hours after mail steamer is signalled on Fridays only.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

	Arr.	Dep.
Northern Express	7-30	21-0
Gujarat Mail	8-35	21-50
Third Class Express	6-45	17-0
Weekly Boat Express every Friday (from 18th October to 27th December 1912)		12-0

STRING BAND AT THE PRINCESS GYMKHANA.—By kind permission of Lieut. Colonel T. W. Bonner V. D. and Officers, the String Band of the 1st Battn., G. I. P. Ry. Volunteers, will play a programme of music under the direction of Mr. A. Mallandaine, Bandmaster, commencing at 6 p. m., to-day.

MUSIC AT YACHT CLUB.—By kind permission of Lieut-Col. H. R. Vaughan and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, the Royal Warwickshire Regiment, will play the following programme of music, commencing at 6 p.m. to-day:—

Spanish March	A Bunch of Roses ... B. Chapi
Valse	Nights of Gladness ... C. Ancliffe
Selection	Carmen ... Bizet
A Veil Dance	Mystic Beauty ... Finck
Pot-Pourri	Paderewski ... Arr. Sommer
Pfiqf-Lied	Frulingslaft ... Strauss
Selection	Princess Caprice ... Leo Fall.

MUSIC AT MAIDANIA.—By kind permission of Lieut.-Colonel H. K. MacGeorge and Officers, the String Band of the 117th Mahrattas will play the following programmes of music at Maidania this evening under the direction of Mr. W. H. Bond, Bandmaster:—

FROM 6-30 TO 8 P. M.

March	L'Amour qui Rit ... Christine
Three Dances	Nell Gwyn ... German
Valse	A Waltz Dream ... Strans
Gavotte	First Happiness ... Salabett
Selection of Popular Songs	... Allan
Gallop	Vienna to Paris ... Kral.

FROM 9-30 TO 11 P. M.

March	... Ganne
Overture	Banditenstreiche ... Suppe
Valse	Garessante ... Lambert
Two Step	Laughing Water ... Hager
Selection	Lohengrin ... Wagner
Mazurka	The Polish Beauty ... Millocker
Sketch	Down South ... Myddleton.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Ceylon, the Straits Settlements, China and Japan per s. s. "Kamakura Maru," will be closed at the General Post Office at 4 p. m. to-morrow.

LIEUT BROOKE.—The leave granted to Lieut. F. R. R. Brooke, R.G.A., is extended to 28th January 1913, pending appointment to the Royal Military Academy.

ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY.—A general meeting of the B. B. R. A. Society will be held to-day at 6-15 p.m. in the Philharmonic Society's Room of the Town Hall, for the presentation of the Campbell Memorial Medal for 1911.

THE SOCIAL SERVICE LEAGUE, BOMBAY.—Mr. Damoderdas Goverdhandas Sukhadwala has given a further donation of Rs. 1,000 to the Social Service League, Bombay, to extend the work of the Travelling Free Libraries started by the League. A few months back he gave a donation of Rs. 2,000 for the same purpose.

TRAM-CAR ACCIDENT.—Naliabai, a Mahomedan woman, aged about 35, residing at Katan Moholla, attempted to jump off tram-car No. 39, which was in motion along Esplanade-road, and in doing so fell down and sustained a fracture of the right forearm. She was treated at the Gokuldas Tejpal Hospital and allowed to go home as she refused to be an in-patient.

STUDENTS' BROTHERHOOD.—Under the auspices of the Students' Brotherhood, Prof. P. A. Wadia, M. A., will deliver a special address on Saturday, the 16th November, at 6-15 p.m., in the Prarthana Mandir, Girgaum, on "The Bombay University Reforms." Khan Bahadur Jamsetji Ardeshir Dalal, M.A., LL.B., has kindly consented to preside.

FIRES IN BOMBAY.—A fire broke out on Wednesday night at about 10 o'clock, in a fire-work shop in Jaoba's-wadi, at Thakurdwar-road, but it was soon put out. The damage caused is estimated at Rs. 40. At about 4 o'clock yesterday morning, a jowlie hut situated at Ghorepdeo caught fire. The Fire Brigade was communicated with and the engines from Byculla, Chinchpoogly and Haines-road were soon on the scene. The Chinchpoogly engine worked from a hydrant and put out the fire. The damage done is estimated at Rs. 80.

ARRIVAL OF A MAHOMEDAN PIR.—His Holiness Khawaja Mir Mahomed Cassum Shah Chisti and Cadri, president of the Loyal Moslem Association of Bombay, who had proceeded on a visit to the Mahomedan saint Cadar Vali Gunjsawai at Nagore in Madras, returned to Bombay yesterday morning from Secunderabad, Deccan, and was received at the Victoria Terminus by several members of the Mahomedan Community including Messrs. Seit Ghulam Mohomed Noorani, Seit Hajee Jakria Haji Suleman, Seit Bashoo Yacoob, Seit Hasham Yacoob, Seit Hasham Mahomed, Seit Jackria Isa, Seit Suleman Cassum, Seit Umar Adam, Seit Hajee Suleman Ebrahim, Seit Hasham Mahomed, and Moulvi Hafiz Noor Mahomed, M. A., Munshi general secretary of the Loyal Moslem Association.

ORGANIZATION OF CHARITY

Special Lecture Delivered by Prof. Henderson.

PARSEE PHILANTHROPY.

Last night the Barrows lecturer of this year, Prof. Charles Richmond Henderson, was prevailed upon by Mr. Ratan Tata and other Parsi leaders of Bombay, to deliver a lecture on the "Organization of Charities in Large Cities," at the Novelty Theatre.

Sir Dinshaw Petit, the present head of the philanthropic family of Petit, presided.

The chairman introduced the lecturer to the audience in a few words.

The lecturer then gave a description of how charities were organised in America, with special reference to Chicago, and other large cities. Though most of these facts had been already narrated in the course of his six lectures in the Wilson College Hall they proved interesting to those who were not able to attend those lectures.

The learned professor said that they ought to give relief to a person in immediate need, but they must also see that that person is not obliged to be in need again. He should not have to ask for charity in future. There might be persons in perennial distress and for such, organised charity was required. But they must always try to make people go on without the help of charity.

The Professor suggested that there should be a Central Committee of Charity in Bombay. He pointed out how the Jewish community in America, who were very rich and charitable, organised their charities on a most scientific basis. He gave details as to home experts made house-to-house visits to find out the persons deserving of charity, how the demands and supplies of charity were mapped out to the nicest particulars, how money was collected from all communities, how the money was doled out, and so forth.

The number of sick beds available for each community, the amount of money realised from the different communities, could be ascertained in at any moment without the least possible difficulty. Every portion of the work was in the hands of trained experts.

The lecturer said that charity endowments should be revised and renewed every 30 or 40 years, so that present-day needs might be met from the charity funds.

It was true that philanthropists and millionaires were most egoistic, and some thought that because they were doing good they were not amenable to laws and reason. But even such egoists with the help of central organisations had been brought within reason and law.

The Jewish Community referred to, worked in unison with the Scandinavian and Italian charity organisations. A

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The steamer Southerland 2277 tons Captain A Longstaff sailed on Thursday for Calcutta with ballast.

The Asiatic S. N. Company's steamer Pundit 3331 tons Captain W. J. Crebbin sailed on Thursday for Colombo with a general cargo.

The Rubattino Line steamer Sicilia 3186 tons Captain D Maganzini, will sail to-day for Genoa, with a general cargo and passengers.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Macinnes 2418 tons Captain J. E. McLean, will sail to-day for Negapatam, with the same bottom cargo.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIP.

R I M S Dufferin ....Comdr C W Shearme .....R I M Troopship

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—Nov. 14.

Arenfels .....2733 Thulen .....W & A G & Co
Arabia .....4098 Palmer..... London....16-11....P & O Co
Barron Ardrossan .....2775 Reid.....K Nixon & Co
Barala.....1899 Butler ..Persian Gulf...M M & Co
Sanda.....3794 Foter...Calcutta ...N F....P & O Co
Baron Inverdale ...2149 MacAlister ...T Morrison & Co
Baron Cowdor ....2764 Fullerton .....T M & Co
Baroda.....1899 Penny .....M M & Co
Gymerlo.....2593 Cussack .....B N Lang
Highland Monarch ...3545 Dalziel...Dunkirk...T M& Co
Hild..... 719 Salvesen.....F P O & Co
Harfield.....2345 Churchill.....S Smidt & Co
Kazara.....605 King.....M M & Co
Kt Errant .....4779 Jones .....T M & Co
Lightning .....2121 Walsh .....Calcutta ...M M & Co
Naderi.....1168 Hughes.....N F.....N F.....
Ro & P S N Co
Pumang.....286 Olsin .....M M & Co
Patiala .....1929 Bawber...Calcutta...M M & Co
River Forth....2883 Stevens.....W & A G & Co
Banvik.....3333 Berggrun.....T M & Co
Surada.....3100 Elton .....M M & Co
Umtali.....1097 Clarke .....S Smidt & Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—Nov. 12.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
A Clan Macinnes	2418	McLean	Madras	14-11	J F & Co
B Hindoo	3156	Groves	Karachi	16-11	J Finlay & Co
F Umta	3492	Babb			M M & Co
H Mansuri	2042	Gore	Aden	15-11	B & P S N Co
K Kamakura Maru	3733	Hori	Kobe, &c	15-11	N Y Kaisha
M Delta	4780	Martin	Shanghai	4-12	P & O Co
N Virginia	2789	Morgan	Philadelphia	15-11	R A Willis
O Markgraf	3325	Jantzen	Durban	19-11	A Strandes & Co
P City of Glasgow	4112	Finlay	K'chi	15-11	K N & Co
Q Naseri	912	March	Maculla	15-11	Bo & P S N Co
Urlana	3383	Pratt	Mauritius	14-11	M M & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Kohistan	2349	Owen	Hamburg	18-11	M M & Co
3 Rheinfels	3528	Kuckens	Hamburg	16-11	W & A G & Co
4 Boveric	2941	Harper	Philadelphia	15-11	W & A G & Co
5 Muttra	2985	Carey			M M & Co
6 Sicilia	3187	Maganzini	Genoa	15-11	R Line
7 Clan Colquhoun	3760	Young	Chittagong	16-11	J Finlay & Co
8 Leopolis	2335	Badessich	Trieste	16-11	A Lloyd S N Co
9 Cornwall	3954	Howell	Antwerp	23-11	W & A G & Co
10&11 Elysia	3924	Coverley	Liverpool	21-11	W & A G & Co
15 Locksley Hall	2299	Crawford	L'pool	23-11	K Nixon & Co
16 Wardha	2552	Connock	Genoa	N F	M M&Co

P & O Dock

Edith	1815	Beeching	Repairing

J Mackintosh & Co

H W P D

Satranji	547	Hooscin	Mangalore

Bo S N Co

Sabarmati	524	Ahmed	Bo S N Co
Kaveri	553	Mohomed	Bo S N Co

H W V D

Linga	957	Manley	K'chi

M M & Co

Offside K

Himalaya	3700	Evans	Shanghai

P & O Co

DEPARTURES.

Nov	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
14	Dumra	Morrison	Basreh, &c
	Ismaila	Downing	Galle
	Pundit	Crebbin	Colombo
	Sutherl	.....	Calcutta
	Longstaff	.....	Calcutta

The following vessels obtained their port clearance yesterday :—

Steamer Sicilia, Maganzini for Genoa.
" Clan Macinnes, McLean for Negapatam.

The following vessel began to load yesterday :—

Steamer Baroda for Persian Gulf, &c.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Ellerman Line steamer City of Paris, left Port Said homeward bound on the morning of the 13th instant.

The Austrian Lloyd steamer Moravia, left Trieste, on the 9th instant and is due here about the end of November.

DAILY EXPORTS.—NOV. 14.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Elysia s—9 bales cotton 6 muffin; 54 casks skins, Nizamuddin and Co; 148 bales wool, E D Sassoon and Co; 181 bales goat hair, M J Joomabhay and Co; 29 bales wool, M Balia; 82 bales wool, A Moolchand.

FOR LONDON.

Arabia s—7 bales hides, R M Kooka; 903 cwts gram and 2,000 cwts mussoor, Ralli Bros.

FOR NEWYORK.

Boveric s—200 cwts cashewnuts, R Jeewandas and Co; 25 bales cotton and 2 bales wool, Saloman Bros.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

Boverie s—15 bales cotton, Saloman Bros.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Locksley Hall s—2,720 cwts linseed, 3,400 cwts gram and 4278 cwts teelseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR BARCELONA.

Locksley Hall s—50 bales cotton, Saloman Bros.

FOR HULL.

Hindoo s—2,600 cwts wheat, L Dreyfus and Co.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Highland Monarch s—2,000 cwts barly, Ralli Bros 300 cwts gen, M Jafferbhoy.

FOR HAMBURG.

Kohistan s—25 bales hemp, and 110 bales cotton, K Vishram and Co; 1,000 cwts poppyseed, B. S. Lloyd and Co.

FOR GENOA.

Cicilia s—3 cases Indian tea B Gonis and Co; 200 bales cotton, Volkart Bros.

FOR TRIESTE.

Leopolis —2,001 cwts gingellyseed, E D Sassoon and Co.

FOR VENICE.

Leopolis s—300 bales cotton W Wolf and Sons; 100 bales cotton, The Bombay Co.

FOR FUIME.

Leopolis —55 bales cotton, A Blaschake and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Kamakura Maru s—3 1-2 cwts raisins, K Hansraj and Co; 1 bales cotton, Volkart Bros; 25 cases; dry fruits K Hairaj and Co; 24 bales twist, M M Esabhoy.

Himalaya s—500 bales cotton, C Ebrahim and Co; 60 cwts sharkpins, M J Joomabhoy and Co 582 bales cotton, E D Sassoon and Co; 175 bales cotton, David Sassoon and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Kamakura Maru s—2 bales cotton, Volkart Bros: 25 bales cotton, David Sassoon and Co.

Himalaya s—500 bales cotton, Sassoon J David and Co; 461 bales cotton, E D Sassoon and Co.

FOR KOBE.

Kamakura Maru s—860 bales cotton, Japan Cotton Trading Co; 39 bales cotton, M B Kaisha; 500 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR OSAKA.

Kamakura Maru s—100 bales cotton, Japan Cotton Trading Co.

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Monkey Brand 125 deg.	4 6 2	do.
White Camelia 125° (in tins.)	4 0 0	per 2 tins.
Camel Brand 125° (in tins).	4 0 0	do.
Elephant Brand 125° (in tins)	4 0 0	do.
do. Brand 125° (in bulk)	3 6 0	per 8 gallons

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NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENCE

*** All communications of a literary character should be addressed to the Editor, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally, should be addressed to the General Manager. Communications should not be addressed to any individual members of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209 General Post Office, Bombay.

The Bombay Gazette.

Friday, 15th Nov. 1912.

PLAGUE PREVENTIVE MEASURES.

At the All-India Sanitary Conference in Madras this week, Major Glen Liston read a paper on Plague Preventive Measures, a subject upon which he, perhaps more than any other medical officer in India, is entitled to be heard. Naturally he drew especial attention to the necessity for the extirmination of the rat if plague is to permanently stamped out. The conditions which encourage the presence of rats encourage the spread of plague, and chief among these conditions are an ample food supply for the rats, shelter to breed in, associated with the absence of enemies. The abatement of the conditions which favour the presence of rats, said Major Liston, must form the basis of our plague preventive-policy. An abundant food supply for rats can easily be found in every Indian town and village chiefly because the system of scavenging, where it exists at all in India is defective. In some cases the keeping of cattle, goats, and fowls in dwelling-houses makes matters worse and wherever they are rats abound, amply fed on the grain which is scattered about. Then again rats are harboured by retail grain-dealers and it is hoped that means may be found of insisting that their grain shall be stored in rat-proof receptacles, instead of, as at present, in open baskets. The idea of a rat-proof market is feasible and an opportunity will be furnished for a trial of such structures in Belgaum and probably in Ballia, after designs Major Liston had prepared by Messrs. Mackenzie Brothers. Such contrivances will go far towards solving the problem in the mofussil where perhaps more than in the towns rats have an easy and comfortable existence. As Major Liston pointed out the rodent does not select well-lighted and ventilated rooms, though such places make the best quarters for human beings. And in this connection he paid a fitting tribute to the work of the Bombay Improvement Trust in providing living quarters, which, while attractive to men, furnish no lodging for their enemies. Splendid improvements, Major Liston termed the chawls constructed by the Trust and observed that though the work of that body had been frequently criticised, the difficulties which they had to face, often without experience to guide them, had been enormous. The officers of the Trust, he added, are fully aware of their shortcomings, but unfortunately their hands are tied. The Hon'ble Mr. Orr, the Chairman of the Trust, in a lecture before the Bombay Sanitary Association, explained some of the difficulties encountered by the Trust and to these Major Liston drew attention. The Chairman recognises that although the Trust has done much towards wiping insanitary rooms out of existence by wholesale demolition of houses in insanitary areas, "such campaigns have been extremely expensive and have often, when demolition has been too rapid, resulted in the increase of overcrowding in the immediate neighbourhood."

Improvements made in a few small, sections of the city, Mr. Orr described as a drop in the ocean compared to the rapid advance in insanitary conditions which is going on all over the city, by virtue of the want of some check on the extensions of buildings outwards and upwards and the consequent steady deterioration of the already defective lighting and ventilation of the quarters inhabited by the poorer classes of the population. Attempts are being made to relieve sufferers from tuberculosis by providing hospitals and sanitaria, but Mr. Orr regards this as beginning at the wrong end. He would make hospitals unnecessary by first protecting people from living in dark foul dens which serve as foci for the propagation of disease and "wiping out some of these dens in order to convert the others into healthy residences by the admission of the two great healing powers, nature supplies gratis—light and air." Major Liston quoted these views to endorse them and to accentuate them as applicable to tuberculosis. He condemned the present municipal building bye-laws in that they do not insure the proper lighting of back rooms and side rooms; the letter of the law, he finds generally though not always strictly adhered to, but the spirit of the law is evaded. But, said Major Liston, even if these bye-laws are now amended their effect will only be obvious in the remote future. What is necessary now is some of power to rectify the mistakes of the past—applying the recognised standard of lighting and ventilation to the worst rooms in specially insanitary areas, such regulations to have general effect throughout the city after five years. If such lighting and ventilation were provided, there would be little temptation for rats to take up their abode in rooms and the likelihood of an outbreak of plague greatly minimised.

Major Liston strongly advocates teaching the people the necessity for keeping the rat out of dwelling-houses. How that is to be done is a problem. We should have thought the Sanitary Association could solve it. But we are told it is no person's particular business to impart popular instruction in connection with plague or other matters pertaining to public health. "There is a want of system in getting at the people; they are generally told about diseases when they are panic-stricken and afflicted by them. In a word our efforts to teach the people how disease is spread and how it may be prevented are not sustained." The suggested remedy is a complete medical and sanitary organisation in close touch with the people, but it is feared that financial considerations would render this plan impracticable. However failing this Major Liston would hold some department responsible for the diffusion of knowledge regarding the spread and prevention of disease, a suitable staff to write upon the subject, and a capacity for organisation, the department being provided with funds for the publication of books and pamphlets. Meantime he suggests that the Revenue Medical and Sanitary, Police, Educational, and Postal departments, the district and taluq boards, village sanitation Committees, Railways, Agricultural and Co-operative Societies, the Press, private medical practitioners, priests, mullahs and missionaries be utilised for the dissemination of knowledge. There is no reason why any of these agencies should not lend a helping hand, but there must be some organisation even in that or the ball can not be kept rolling. Still, failing a system, spasmodic effort may not be without effect and that can be resorted to until Major Liston's scheme has taken shape.

THE PARLIAMENTARY CRISIS.

THE feeling that comes uppermost in reading of the Parliamentary crisis is one of deep regret that it should have occurred at the present time. Away from the excitement of party warfare, it is difficult to realize the keenness with which victories in parliamentary tactics are sought by both parties in the House of Commons; and at this distance from the scene of political strife the advantages of a temporary triumph are not so apparent as in the heat of the fray. On the other hand, the disadvantages resulting from the defeat of the Government at this juncture in foreign affairs are open to the observation of the empire and of the world. If there were any prospect of a strong Unionist Government replacing the Radical cabinet, the country and the empire would face the risk of a change with confidence; but judging both by the result of the bye-elections and by the admissions of the Unionist press at home, there is no likelihood of the Unionist party returning to power with a large majority after a general election just now. And what is worse, if the Unionists did succeed at the polls, there is nothing to show that they could organize a powerful government. In this view too, we are supported by the party organs, which in spite of their opposition to Home Rule and to inquisitorial finance still lament the lack of leadership and the want of a policy on the Unionist side. It is much to be regretted therefore that at a time when both calmness and dignity are particularly called for, the House of Commons should have temporarily lost its head. While the world is looking to England for a lead in the settlement of the Balkan question, and while the echoes of the Prime Minister's speech are still heard in the capitals of Europe, English legislators indulge in a violent squabble over a point of parliamentary procedure.

For the question immediately in dispute is highly technical. It is whether the House of Commons has power to alter its own decision; and on that difficult problem there is evidently room for difference of opinion. On the main question, through which the Government were defeated, we have written as strongly as any journal in India. The financial provisions of the Home Rule Bill have always seemed to us to be a cause of irritation between the two countries in the future; and if the Government had been beaten in a straight forward fight upon the finance of Home Rule there would have been cause for rejoicing. But the crisis has arisen out of a snap vote, and not out of any change of opinion in the House. In the ordinary course a defeat in the House of Commons would be followed by resignation; but in this case it is doubtful if resignation would be good for the country, and it certainly would be hard on the Government. The country is not excited about Home Rule one way or the other; and with grave international issues, on which the history of the world may depend, pressing for settlement, it will probably prefer to keep the present Government in office. Some sense of this difficulty is evident in the statement of the Leader of the Opposition, whose attitude indeed seems to have been the only redeeming feature in a discreditable scene, that the Opposition would not call for immediate resignation. It is probable that when cooler views are taken of the relative magnitude of the questions at stake, the patriotic course of self-abnegation will be adopted by all the Conservative leaders. By general confession people at home are in these days largely indifferent to politics; but the English people are never slow to show their interest in imperial questions once they have made up mind. Opinion has hardly yet had time to form upon the Balkans after the shock of the news of the Turkish collapse, but so far as the indications go the policy outlined by Mr. Asquith is popular in the country as well as in Europe. It would be a pity for the Balkan States and for Turkey, if England spoke with a weak or with an uncertain voice, as it would through a falling Ministry. English unanimity no less than the British navy is necessary for the peace of Europe; and the result of the crisis will probably be to leave the Government in office until affairs are more settled in the near East. The House of Lords have, however, an additional excuse for rejecting the Home Rule Bill, which will probably have to be submitted to the country now as a special issue before it can become law.

HOPE FOR THE RAILWAYS.

WHEN the Hon'ble Mr. Clark visited the Bombay Chamber of Commerce a couple of days ago, the most prominent subject which was discussed was naturally the railway question. One instinctively listens for this immediately on entering a commercial gathering, and it would be strange if one's fears were disappointed as it is still the most urgent, if not the most important question, with which commercial India has at present to deal. By this time, however, it grows very wearisome—especially we should think for those who suffer every day from the railways' deficiencies. For it is a well-worn, very well-worn, topic, on which it is difficult to say anything new. Mr. Armstrong, who introduced the subject had very little to say, which he has not said before, but such as we did hear that was fresh to us was encouraging. Mr. Armstrong told us that some progress has been made as the result of all the negotiations and representations which have proceeded and have been submitted during the last few months. The agents of both the railways, which serve Bombay, seem to be hopeful that they may be fortunate enough to get the sums of money for which they now ask, for the purpose of open line works. If their hopes are realised, they will work a distinct improvement in the situation, but at the same time it cannot be said that the whole position is satisfactory. There is still no definite guarantee that the amount of money, which is absolutely essential for railway and commercial development will be forthcoming. As Mr. Clark says, the matter is still under the very earnest consideration of the authorities. That is, they are still refusing to take the plunge, they still hesitate to adopt the course, which commercial opinion in India is unanimous in pressing upon them. Thus while everyone views the situation in a more cheerful spirit and hopes that Government is at last about to treat the railways in a more generous manner, nothing is certain. And the commercial community cannot view the railway problem with complacency, until they are assured that not only the money for one year's programme is to be provided, but funds for a series of annual programmes. Mr. Clark admits that forty to forty-five crores are required to put the railways into an efficient condition and that is probably not a wide estimate. We can readily believe that it is even a bigger figure when we think over the number of years, in which there has been a big shortage in the grant as compared with estimated requirements—the years when, for instance, the G. I. P. Railway asked for seventeen crores and received but a little more than eleven. As we have said there is not much, which can be said on this subject, which has not been said before, but even at that we are surprised that Mr. Clark should have based so much of his excuses for meagre grants, on the fact that frequently the whole of a grant has not been spent, although it may have been much less than the amount for which the administration asked. It is well-known that for this state of affairs the unsatisfactory and intermittent manner, in which the grants are made is responsible. The uncertainty, in which everything connected with a railway grant is wrapped, has been a considerable factor in hindering proper development in this country. That is why it is essential that there should be a dependable and regular source of supply of railway funds, a source which has a great deal more stability than the capricious Indian revenue. In the meantime the appointment of Sir Henry Burt to advise on remedies in congested areas is a useful measure. He will doubtless be able to give much valuable council, which railway administrations will be happy to follow, provided the means are placed at their disposal.

THE P. and O. Company's s. s. "Salsette" with the homeward mails of the 9th instant, arrived at Aden at 11-30 a.m. on Wednesday the 13th idem.

THE P. and O. Company's s. s. "Malwa" with the outward mails of the 8th instant, passed Suez at 6-30 a.m. on Thursday the 14th idem.

THE Bank of Bombay has raised its rate of interest on demand loans on Government Paper to 5 per cent.

A MESSAGE from Rangoon says that surra has broken out amongst the mules of 25th Mule Corps and the death-roll has reached more than 160.

DURING week ending the 9th November the plague mortality totalled 1,784 against 2,088 cases. The provincial figures were Delhi (rural) 2 deaths, Bombay 532, Madras 130, Bengal 8, Bihar 27, United Provinces 326, Punjab 68, Burma 5, Central Provinces 38, Mysore 101, Hyderabad 111, Central India 28, and Rajputana 408.

WOMEN'S INTERESTS.

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, OCT. 25.

ROYALTY.

A VERY interesting incident took place at Hungerford, where the King had gone for a few days shooting with the Hon. John and Mrs. Ward. According to ancient tradition, Hungerford having formerly been a grant from the Duchy of Lancaster, it is incumbent upon the town to present the reigning Sovereign with a red rose when he visits or passes through Hungerford, and the Constable presented the emblem to the King. The feoffees were also present on the platform. As the King entered the motor-car, the town band played the National Anthem. The route lay through a brilliantly-lighted avenue. Venetian masts had been erected, and these were connected with garlands and pennants and ropes of fairy lamps. Triumphal arches were also placed at intervals. A unique feature was an arch emblematical of the industry of the neighbourhood. This was composed entirely of agricultural implements, elevators, ploughs, etc., and was illuminated by electricity generated by special plant placed at the base.

The townspeople of Hungerford have sent a dish of six trout for the King to Chilton lodge. Kennet trout are famous, and the inhabitants have had the right of free fishing since the days of Edward III.

The Queen and Princess Mary have occupied much of their time in the country with needlework, which at this period of the year is one of their chief occupations. Not only are there many dozens of articles of clothing to be made for the poor at Christmas, which both the Royal ladies prefer to be hand-made, but Princess Mary has also at this time much to do in the way of birthday gifts. Each year, since able to manipulate the needle and thread, the little Princess has presented some dainty article of work to Queen Alexandra on December 1st, and there is also the birthday of her Royal aunt, Queen Maud, to consider; while on November 9th, in past years, a small and useful gift was made for the late King. These three birthdays, coming one after another at such short intervals, keep the little Royal lady quite busy for weeks. These gifts usually take the form of delicately embroidered cushion covers, handkerchiefs, or other toilet requisites. She has also lately contributed several articles towards the brightening of the rooms occupied by the Prince of Wales at Magdalen College.

Nobody can sympathise better with the Prince of Wales over his unfortunate shyness of disposition than his Royal sister. They are devoted to each other, and although the Princess does not suffer in the same way as her Royal brother, she fully understands how difficult and sometimes painful it is for him to go through the public duties which as time goes on, will increase. The Queen herself has always been painfully shy and from her the Prince inherits this defect if it may be so called. So anxious was her Majesty that Princess Mary should not suffer from this embarrassment that she has made a point of allowing her little daughter to appear on every and any occasion possible. The Queen considers that much of her own shyness is due to the fact that during the days of her girlhood she led so exclusive a life and seldom appeared before the public eye. Whatever may be the reason, Princess Mary does not seem affected in the same way and delights all about Court by her charming disposition and pretty manners.

THE TSAREVITCH.

Every one is sorry to hear of the illness of the Tsarevitch, which is supposed to arise from a fall from his pony. The Tsarevitch, who is eight years old and the Tsar's only son, has always been the object of the most extraordinary precautions, through fears of terrorist attempts to hurt him, and has lived in complete seclusion with his four sisters. The War is still the principal subject of conversation—so many of the crowned heads engaged in it are connected with our Royal family. The Greek King's four sons are all in the field, as well as Prince George, the Crown Prince's son. On the day of their departure from Athens for the front, the whole Royal Family attended Divine Service and partook of the Sacrament. The King and Queen were much moved at bidding farewell to their sons, but one and all are fired with patriotism, and the Princesses are splendidly resourceful and courageous. Princess Andrew of Greece has herself accompanied the Red Cross nurses who have started for the seat of operations, and in this she has shown herself a true grandchild of our beloved Princess Alice, Grand Duchess of Hesse, who in the Franco-Prussian War turned her own palace into a hospital, and tended the sick and wounded herself. Queen Alexandra is extremely anxious about her nephews, to all of whom she is so much attached, and, as you know, Prince Nicholas has spent months with Her Majesty in England, as well as others of the Greek Royal Family. Then, as regards Montenegro, you will not have forgotten that the Crown Princess, wife of the Crown Prince Danilo, is the daughter of our Queen Mary's first cousin, the Grand Duke of Mecklenburg-Strelitz. Not so long ago the Queen with Princess Mary was staying at Neu-Strelitz on a visit to her aunt the Dowager Grand Duchess and saw all her relations there. These are her nearest kith and kin after her own brothers. The Crown Prince Danilo is with his splendid father King Nicholas and his brothers, Princes Mirko and Peter in the thick of the fighting. The Queen of Italy must be living in suspense and anxiety on their behalf.

The field of work for women is daily growing wider, and new professions are constantly being embarked upon by the enterprising. The lady gardener, who was first looked upon as an impossible oddity, is now a thriving business woman, much in demand, and the already large number of embryo "jobbing gardeners" is being yearly increased.

GARDENING FOR LADIES.

In connection with the "Practical Gardening School for ladies, which is held at the Royal Botanic Gardens, under the able superintendence of Mrs. Bryant Sowerby, a class for instruction in floral decoration is given weekly. Here the girls are taught to arrange and group flowers in a graceful and artistic manner, how to carry out colour schemes effectively and how the best possible results may be obtained. The making of wreaths also is a most useful accomplishment, and one much in request for all kinds of floral decoration. A light and dainty touch is necessary, and it is surely, therefore, in this kind of work that women should excel. To obtain a post in a florist's shop and to undertake the decoration of tables at dinner parties is the next step for the successful student, and during the season a good deal of money can be earned in this way. The accomplished worker can design schemes for the flowers at a wedding, ball, or the large drawing-room. A girl with taste will always be in request, and those who show a natural aptitude can do well at this profession.

Gentlewomen have become successful milliners and dressmakers, and there is no reason why they should not find this branch of work equally lucrative, as it has been proved to be, while it should also be an interesting and agreeable profession. It is usual to take up floral decoration in conjunction with gardening, but it can be entered upon quite separately, should this be preferred. It is better, however, to have some little knowledge of gardening, as it will be found useful.

MR. MARCONI.

Every one is full of sympathy for poor Mr. Marconi in the loss of his right eye, which was removed by Professor Fuchs, of Vienna, and Professor Bayardi of Turin, in the hope of avoiding complications with the left eye. The operation took place at the Military Hospital in Spezia, where Mr. Marconi was taken when it was found that he was so severely injured in the motor accident on the 25th of September, the car in which he and his wife were travelling having come into collision with two others. Mr. Marconi bore the operation with great fortitude. Mrs. Marconi has naturally been terribly distressed at this dreadful misfortune to her distinguished husband and all the world feels for her, because we are all in debt to the man who has caught and enslaved the forces of Nature for our benefit and thus bridged space. One of Mrs. Marconi's sisters has gone out to Spezia to be with her.

HUNT PROBLEMS.

Cub hunting and harriers are in full swing now nearly all over England, and as a general rule are showing good sport. Unfortunately, however, relations between farmers and the field are not nearly so cordial as they used to be. It is easy enough to ascribe political feeling to this very unsatisfactory state of affairs, but there are other and much deeper causes at work. No amount of political prejudice, for example, would have made a farmer shoot a fox right under the noses of hound as recently happened in Mr. Farnie's county. The fault, in point of fact, lies at the door of the field itself. Modern followers of hounds no longer have an interest in the neighbourhood beyond the hunting, and their casual disregard for the feelings of farmers is a disgrace. Women are among the worst offenders in this respect, as their knowledge of agriculture is of the slenderest nature. On the other hand, the average woman is, as a rule, piloted across country, and the man who should know better is badly to blame if he leads her over land that he should not cross. There is, too, an increasing tendency to avoid payment of hunt subscriptions by both men and women who never go out twice with the same pack the whole year round.

STAMP EXHIBITION.

Philatelists from all parts of the world found their way last week, to the exhibition at the Horticultural Hall, Westminister, where a great number of famous collection of stamps were on view, representing many thousands of pounds in value, and providing a liberal education in philately, and, incidentally, in modern international history. Hitherto very few women seem to have devoted themselves to philately, for only two or three exhibits were sent by lady collectors, though these were extremely interesting, and all of the "specialised" order. Thus Mrs. Edith Field showed a magnificent collection of British Colonial stamps, the majority unused, in "perfect mint condition," including a complete set of Gibraltar, Gold Coast, and Gambia stamps full sheets of some of the rare early issues of Borneo and Labuan, early Canadian and Santa Lucia specimens, and a splendid lot of South Africans, among them the triangular "Capes" in blocks of four. Miss F. Graham also specialises in British-Gibraltar stamps, and her exhibit included also some valuable Morocco Agencies and British Levant issues, while Mrs. A. H. Bridson's Portuguese collection is a superb one, practically complete and beautifully arranged, the specimens being grouped in "unused" and "used" varieties, all in splendid condition. One of the most important exhibits was Mr. Sydney Loder's famous "Great Britain" collection, which has won gold medals at the Milan and Vienna exhibitions. Others that aroused the admiration—and envy—of enthusiasts were Baron Anthony De Worms' Ceylon collection, Mr. C. L. Bagnall's New Guinea and Papua issues, the beautiful New South Wales collection of Mr. R. G. Harvey Clarke, and several fine Balkan collections, which acquire an extraneous interest at the moment, and will certainly be enhanced value in the near future, whatever may be the upshot of the war with Turkey. The exhibition was opened on Monday, the 14th instant, by the Postmaster-General (Mr. Herbert Samuel), and among those present at the ceremony were Sir John Heuniker-Heaton—who has so long been the champion of postal reform throughout the civilised world.

THE ROYAL AND ANCIENT GAME.

All golf players will have been interested to hear of the engagement of Miss Dorothy Campbell, who has won more championships than any other lady player. Scotland, Canada and America have all fallen to her lot, to say nothing of the Ladies' Open Championship at Portrush in 1911. For the last two or three years, Miss Campbell has been living in Canada, and apparently she will never return permanently to the British Isles, as her future husband is Mr. J. Vandervort Hurd, of Pittsburg, U. S. A. All good wishes go with her for her future happiness. At the tea salons and at receptions one sees some fascinating blouses worn with tailor-dresses and long wraps; many are in rather dull-surfaced mat satin in pale champagne or soft peach-pink. These colours seem to tone with so many of the cloth and serge tailor-gowns people are wearing. A more ethereal little corsage was in peach blossom marquisette voile daintily embroidered in the softest pinks and blues it had a Malines lace collar edged with a mere thread. For the moment Parisians seem to have forgotten the white or cream lace and net blouses they so loved, and they are preferring a touch of colour with their dark blue or neutral-tinted tailleurs.

A Notification by the Government of Bombay in the Legal Department prescribes the following manner for the notification by Returning Officers of the withrawal of a candidate for election to the Legislative Council of the Governor of Bombay, namely :—"The withdrawal of any candidate shall be notified in the manner prescribed for the publication of the names of nominated candidates under the provisions of the several schedules."

Dealing with the proposal of Captain Day, who recently crossed the Atlantic in a motor boat, for a trans-Atlantic motor boat race, the 'Motor Ship and Motor Boat' says :—'A Trans-Atlantic race would serve at least one good purpose, namely, that of attracting public attention to the possibilities of motor craft even of small dimensions, and for this reason if for no other we hope that some trangible result will be the outcome of Captain Day's somewhat novel idea. That motor boat races across the Atlantic will become a feature of the season in later years we have no doubt, but whether it is possible to arrange one so quickly is not quite clear."

As the outcome of a conference held at Oxford last month, at which over a hundred mistresses and lecturers, representing many types of schools and colleges, were present, with the object of studying the problems of women's education in the East, and to devising means and plants for meeting them, Miss Roberts, headmistress of the Bradford Girls' Grammar School, and Miss McDougall, lecturer at Westfield College, University of London, have undertaken an Indian tour during the present winter. They propose to visit South India, Bengal United Provinces, the Punjab, the Central Provinces and the Bombay Presidency.

CAN PEACE BE ARRANGED?

DIRECT TURCO-BULGARIAN NEGOTIATIONS.

Campaign Difficulties may Influence Decision.

AUSTRIA'S MODIFIED ATTITUDE TOWARDS SERVIA.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 14.

The news is confirmed that the Porte is negotiating an armistice with Bulgaria direct.

Nazim Pasha has been instructed to communicate with the Bulgarian generals personally, and he is already on his way to the Bulgarian head-quarters.

The fighting at Chatalja has ceased for 48 hours.

LONDON, Nov. 13.

Reuter is informed that all the Powers have agreed to inform the Balkan States immediately of Turkey's request for mediation, and to enquire whether they will formulate terms for negotiations.

THE NEGOTIATIONS.

LONDON, Nov. 14.

It appears that the Porte is negotiating direct with Bulgaria owing to the delay of the Powers in handling the proposals for mediation.

An easier feeling prevails on the Continent on the subject of the Austro-Servian difficulty. It is understood that Austria does not object to Montenegro and Servia dividing Novi Bazar. She hopes, however, that Servia will accept access to the sea at an Austrian port through Bosnia.

LONDON, Nov. 14.

The Turkish proposal to Bulgaria direct, to negotiate an armistice synchronises with the mediation proposals which have been hanging fire for a fortnight owing to various hitches.

The terrible weather and consequent delays to transport, added to an outbreak of cholera among the Bulgarian troops will most likely affect Bulgaria's decision.

The military situation is anigmatic owing to the contra-dictoriness of news. It is beginning to be accepted that various operations have been announced long before they occurred. Anyhow the reports have had effect of mystifying the enemy besides the public.

THE BULGARIAN CLAIM.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 14.

The "Empire" publishes the following cablegrams:—

London, November 14th:—The "Daily News" special correspondent at Constantinople telegraphs that a cessation of hostilities has been arranged. Contracts for military supplies have been cancelled, and no more stores are to be sent to the front.

Peace terms are being discussed, the only difficulty being the Bulgarian insistence on a formal entry of their troops into Constantinople, though they do not desire a permanent occupation and are ready to march out the next day. This is impossible the Turks point out, while the Sultan is in the capital.

M. POINCARE AND THE FUTURE.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

PARIS, Nov. 14.

Speaking at a banquet last night, M. Poincare, the Premier, said he was confident that the Balkan question would be finally arranged in a manner satisfactory to the Balkan States and the great Powers. It did not seem possible that Mr. Asquith's appeal would remain unheard with so many good-wills sincerely directed towards the preservation of peace. He did not doubt that we should be spared the most frightful war in the history of Europe.

WHAT IS HAPPENING AT CHATALJA

LONDON, Nov. 14.

While telegrams from Constantinople declare that fighting has ceased at Chatalja, where there have hitherto been only unimportant outpost encounters, Lieutenant Wegener, telegraphing yesterday, says that murderous fighting has now lasted three days. The Turks are making the most stubborn defence but their resistance is weakening.

BULGARIAN ARMY.

Turkish Sortie at Adrianople Repulsed.

SOFIA, Nov. 13.

The garrison of Adrianople made a desperate sortie, yesterday, but after five hours' fighting were driven back with heavy losses.

HORSES FOR AUSTRIA.

BRUSSELS, Nov. 13.

Much attention has been attracted here to quantities of horses which German dealers are buying for Austria.

BOMBAY SUBSCRIPTIONS.

The following statement is being circulated:—

The sufferings of the wounded Turks in the war with the Balkan States appear to have evoked expressions of general commiseration among members of the Mahomedan community in India. In Bombay alone, subscriptions to the Turkish Red Crescent Fund have totalled Rs. 6,00,000, out of which the greater part has already been sent on to the Turkish Ambassador in London. Of the sums promised and subscribed, the Arab merchants and inhabitants of Bombay collected among themselves Rs. 1,50,000, and the Halai Memon community of Bombay collected a similar sum, which was also despatched to the Turkish Ambassador in London in the names of three persons, Messrs. Cassumally Jairajbhai Pirbhoy, Sir Currimbhoy Ebrahim and Shaikh Jassim bin Ibrahim, the well-known pearl merchant of Poona and Bombay. Yesterday a further sum of Rs. 1,25,000 was sent on to the same destination. The balance of the money remains to be realised. In recognition of the munificent donations given by Shaikh Jassim bin Ebrahim, amounting in all to Rs. 60,000, the Mahomedans of Bombay decided to present him with the Pir's rosary, which was put up to auction at a recent meeting and was bought for Rs. 500 by Mr. Suleiman Haji Cassum Mitha.

A public meeting of the Mahomedans will be held to-day at 9 p.m. at Reay-road, Mazagon, in the vicinity of the Moslem Mosque, to express sympathy with Turkey and to take measures for the aid of the wounded Turks.

RED CRESCENT FUNDS.

MADRAS, Nov. 14.

The third instalment of £700 was sent by cable yesterday by the Turkish Consul in Madras to the Foreign Minister in Constantinople for transmission to the Red Crescent Society.

AN APPEAL TO MOSLEMS.

LUCKNOW, Nov. 14.

The following appeal has been made by Syed Wazir Hasan, B. A., LL. B., Honorary Secretary of the All-India Moslem League:—"It is a matter of common knowledge to Indian Mussalmans that the Allies have made a wanton and unprovoked attack upon the Turks at time when they were almost exhausted by a fairly prolonged struggle with Italy. The victorious march of the Allies, now almost before the walls of Constantinople, has taken the world by surprise. The unexpected has happened but the final result is still trembling in the balance." The message continues in an earnest exhortation to Moslems that they will "strain every nerve to help the Turkish widows and the wounded soldiers who fought for the integrity of the Turkish Empire, which is the glory of Islam. The lines of work hitherto pursued by the Red Crescent Societies may be continued with advantage. What has already been done is a good beginning but much still remains to be done. And here parenthetically I may throw out the suggestion that Bakr-Id Kurbani proceeds and portions of the endowments set apart for charitable purposes in Rangoon and elsewhere in India be sent to Turkey to alleviate human suffering. I, therefore, fervently appeal to my co-religionists in provincial and district Moslem leagues throughout India to hold meetings and concert other necessary measures as soon as practicable to raise subscriptions and collect proceeds of the Bakr-Id festival to help the cause."

MADRAS DEPUTATION.

Madras, Nov. 14.

A deputation of Moslems waited on his Excellency the Governor this afternoon, with the request that he would open in Madras a branch of the British Medical Relief Fund in aid of the Turkish wounded and the soldiers, widows and orphans. They informed his Excellency that there was already a branch of the Turkish Red Crescent Society in the city, which was doing good work, but it was felt that a branch of the British Fund would be likely to attract aid from other communities. The deputation was headed by the Hon. the Prince of Arcot, and the Hon. Mr. Kuddus Badsha Sahib.

The Hon. Mr. P. Theagaraya Chetty, Mr. Govindadoss, and Mr. Chettarbaja Doss, were also present to express the sympathy of the Hindu community.

CALCUTTA, Nov. 14.

At a meeting of the Mahomedans held this afternoon under the presidency of the Hon. Mr. Ariff the following resolution was adopted:—That the last Guildhall speech of Mr. Asquith, Premier of England, as far as it relates to Turkish affairs has greatly wounded the feelings of Mahomedan subjects of his Britannic Majesty and has created a profound sense of disappointment in them.

PANAMA CANAL.

President Taft Fixes the Tolls to be Levied.

LONDON, Nov. 14.

President Taft has issued a proclamation fixing the Panama Canal tolls for merchantmen with passengers and cargo at 1.20 dollars per net vessel ton, namely, each hundred cubic ft. of actual earning capacity. Vessels in ballast, without passengers or cargo, will pay 40 per cent. less than the above. Naval vessels, other than transports, colliers, hospital and supply ships, will pay 50 cents per displacement ton. Army and Navy transports, colliers, hospital and supply ships will pay 1·20 dollars per net ton.

The report of the expert, on which the proclamation is based, estimates that the growth of traffic at the end of the first and succeeding decades will permit of a rate of a dollar a ton, and secure revenues to the United States permitting ultimate amortisation of the investment.

P. AND O. PROSPERITY.

Another Big Rise in Deferred Stock.

LONDON, Nov. 13.

P. and O. Stock advanced fifteen points to 340, to-day, on declaration of a dividend of 6 per cent. on deferred stock together with a bonus of 5 per cent. The year's distribution amounts to 15 per cent.

RACING AT HOME.

Result of the Race for the Derby Cup.

LONDON, Nov. 14.

The result of the Derby Cup was as follows:

Aye Aye	1
Wagstaff	2
Marcolica	3

Sixteen ran.

The Race.—Won by a neck, one length between second and third.

Betting.—100 to 8 against Aye Aye, 100 to 7 against both Wagstaff and Marcolica. Papavero was favourite at 6 to 1 against.

MR. GOKHALE'S MISSION.

PRETORIA, Nov. 14.

Mr. Gokhale will confer with General Botha, General Smuts and Mr. Fisher, to-day, and lunch with Lord Gladstone to-morrow.

He will leave for Delagoa Bay on the 17th instant, sailing for India on the 19th instant.

MONGOLIA.

PEKING, Nov. 14.

Liangmenting, Foreign Minister, has resigned owing to his refusal to comply with wishes of the Cabinet to negotiate with Russia with regard to Mongolia.

MR. BRYCE'S SUCCESSOR.

LONDON, Nov. 13.

It is officially confirmed that Sir C. A. Spring-Rice, British Minister to Sweden, will succeed Mr. Bryce at Washington.

BANK OF GERMANY.

LONDON, Nov. 14.

The Imperial Bank of Germany announces its rate of discount as 6 per cent. and interest on advances as 7 per cent.

OBITUARY.

LONDON, Nov. 14.

The death is announced of Mr. William Henderson Buchan, I. C. S.

[The late Mr. William Henderson Buchan, M. A., I. C. S., was educated at Hutchison's Grammar School, Glasgow, Glasgow University, and Brasenose College, Oxford. He was appointed to the Indian Civil Service in 1902 and came out to Bengal in the following year. He became Registrar of Co-operative Credit Societies, Bengal in January 1908 and Assistant Director of Agriculture in August of the same year.

THE HOUSE OF PANDEMONIUM.

REMARKABLE SCENES IN THE COMMONS.

The Conflict on the Home Rule Bill Debate.

PREMIER CREATES PRECEDENT BUT IS IN ORDER.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Nov. 13.

The House of Commons was crowded to-day when Mr. Bonar Law asked whether there was any precedent for the Government's action in relation to the amendment on which it was defeated.

The Speaker replied that there was no precedent for rescinding a decision of the House during the passage of the Bill concerned. (Loud Opposition cheers.) He was of opinion, however, that the Government's resolution was in order. Whether it destroyed all the safeguards which had been accumulated in the procedure of the House, members must form their own opinion.

After a long discussion on points of order, the Speaker affirmed that it was not for him to say that the House should never form any new precedent. (Cheers.)

Mr. Asquith then pointed out that there had been only a brief debate on Sir Frederick Banbury's amendment, and that it had not been supported by any member of the Opposition Front Bench. He emphasized the view that, if the amendment were not reversed, it would be impossible to proceed with the Home Rule Bill since it struck a vital blow at the financial proposals. Mr. Asquith laid stress on the fact that in fifty-five divisions on the Home Rule Bill the average majority had been 106. (Cheers.) He quoted Mr. Balfour's speech in 1905 after the Unionist defeat, and dwelt on the fact that the majorities in the House had been increasing, while the by-elections showed no revulsion of feeling against the Home Rule Bill. Thus, apart from the reason that a change of Government might be embarassing at present, he thought they would be false to their trust if they resigned.

MR. BONAR LAW'S RETORT.

Mr. Bonar Law retorted by quoting Mr. Asquith's remarks on Mr. Balfour's defeat, and pointed out that Mr. Balfour had never moved a rescinding resolution. If ever he had thought of it, he had rejected it with the contempt it deserved. (Cheers). The Government had a majority. If all its supporters attended, then why vote, why discuss, why have divisions? Two honourable courses lay open, resignation or dissolution.

There was, however, one qualification, namely, the foreign situation. He would not desire Government to resign or dissolve under the present conditions. The Government could rely upon the whole-hearted support of the Opposition until the crisis was over. Then, however, it should appeal to the country.

Dealing then with the Government's record, Mr. Bonar Law said that in order to carry through a programme more revolutionary and more impossible to reverse than any which had ever been attempted, the Government claimed the right—by any means, fair or foul, by distributing honours, giving jobs and remitting income-tax—to do anything it pleased without regard to the people, whom it professed to represent. It was not a constitutional government, but the country against a revolutionary committee. The Opposition had tried, under great provocation, to preserve the traditions of the House, but the Ministers had then taunted them with lack of sincerity in their opposition. Mr. John Redmond, in 1905, had said it was the duty of members to band together to make the position of the Government in the House intolerable. The Opposition knew therefore, what the Coalition would do in their place. He would leave it at that.

Mr. Bonar Law then claimed that the Opposition had a right to further time to consider the resolution, as it had not appeared on the paper in the form in which it was made. Consequently he moved the adjournment, but the motion was defeated by 327 votes to 218.

SIR W. BULL ORDERED OUT.

Sir Frederick Banbury then moved an amendment that a matter which had passed the House of Commons could not be negatived in the same session. He declared that any attempt to evade the usage of the House in this connection was an affront to the House.

Captain Craig seconded the amendment. He attacked the Cabinet for sitting there grinning like a lot of apes and flouting the House of Commons. The Government was a caucus, led by rebels. He thanked God that Ulster was more than a match for them. (Cheers).

Mr. Pollock said that the Premier had disregarded every precedent in order to maintain his contemptible position. (Cheers and cries of "Traitor.")

The Speaker here interposed and said that if he knew who had said 'Traitor"——

Whereupon Sir William Bull, Colonel Chaloner and Captain Craig interrupted, and said that they all did.

The Speaker called upon Sir William Bull to withdraw.

He declined and was ordered to leave, which eventually he did.

More disorder followed, Sir Rufus Isaacs being shouted down, and the House became such a pandemonium that the Speaker suspended the sitting for an hour.

ASTOUNDING DISORDER.

The debate ended in scenes of astounding disorder. After an hour's suspension Sir Rufus Isaacs made a second but vain attempt to speak, being howled down. The Speaker then called upon a Unionist to speak, but his friends kept up a chant, "Adjourn, Adjourn" and appeals from the Speaker had no result. Finally, the Speaker said it was obvious that the Opposition would not allow any discussion, and he declared the sitting at an end amid tremendous cheers from the Opposition.

The House broke up in great disorder, members singing and cheering for some minutes. A crumpled-up order paper was thrown at Mr. Asquith, and a small book was thrown at Mr. Churchill, striking him on the chest.

As Mr. Asquith left, the Opposition stood up howling, "Get out, you rats" and were answered by Ministerial counter-cheers and cries of "Gentlemen of England."

A renewal of disorder is expected to-morrow, the Unionists regarding Mr. Asquith's procedure as ending all effective Parliamentary government.

There is even talk of the Speaker resigning.

DIVIDED PRESS OPINION.

LONDON, Nov. 14.

The Conservative papers generally support the action of the Opposition "goaded to extremes by the Government's abuse of power."

The *Daily Graphic*, which is an exception, says that "those responsible for organised rowdyism have gone far to render themselves impossible. Never yet has a British political party gained by adopting the methods of the pothouse brawler."

The *Times* regrets the incident, which it describes as a mistake in tactics, but says the Opposition were driven to extremes.

The Liberals are thankful to the Opposition for uniting the Ministerialists—who have recently been noticeably slack—closer than ever, and declare that the Opposition have damaged themselves in the country.

Mr. Redmond, in the Lobby said he was intensely amused at the whole thing.

PARTY CONFERENCES.

LONDON, Nov. 14.

The Unionist leaders conferred last night, and decided to refuse to allow the proceedings of the Commons to continue unless the Government finds a constitutional way out of the difficulty.

There was a full meeting of the Cabinet to-day, at which yesterday's scenes in the Commons were considered.

A LIBERAL VERSION.

A special cable to the Empire, dated London November 14, States:—Last night's scenes in the House of Commons are the worst since 1893. The Tories, being chagrined at the Government not resigning over Monday's snap defeat, which was the culmination of protracted scheming, and which was secured by secreting fifty Unionists in an adjacent club, who rushed in when Sir Frederick Banbury abruptly ended his speech, determined to prevent further progress of the Home Rule Bill.

Ministers were bombarded with order papers, and Mr. Churchill was hit on the face by a book thrown by Mr. Ronald McNeill, M.P. for St. Augustine's Kent.

Mr. John Burns held the indignant First Lord's arm and dissuaded him from punishing the assailant. The Tories laughed and shouted "Rat, Rat."

Mr. Churchill's face was bruised and cut in three places.

A renewal of the disturbances is expected to-day.

THE SPRING BOKS.

LONDON, Nov. 14.

The South African rugby team to-day defeated Cambridge University by 24 points to nil at Cambridge.

CALCUTTA TRAGEDY.

Bereaved Lover's Attempt to Kill Herself.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 14.

A tragic occurrence took place at the Howrah Hospital morgue this morning, when young European lady, said to be an Italian, who had just come to Calcutta from South Africa to be married to a Mr. Fraser, manager of the Bauria Cotton Mills, Howrah, attempted to commit suicide.

Shortly after her arrival in Calcutta Mr. Fraser fell ill and she was in the habit of visiting him in Howrah Hospital every day. This morning she went and received a shock when she was told that Mr. Fraser had died. She went to the morgue where the body was, and after looking at the face for a few moments took a hat pin from her head and thrust it in the region of her heart. The pin pierced the pit of the stomach for about four inches, but after receiving medical aid at the hospital she was able to make a statement to the District Magistrate. She is expected to recover.

The young lady is about 24 years of age

THE COUNCILS.

Extension of the Acts to Assam.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Nov. 14.

Two proclamations have been issued in a *Gazette of India Extraordinary* to the effect that the Indian Councils Acts, (1861 to 1909) have been extended to Assam with effect from this date (14th Nov.) and also ordaining that all references to Lieut.-Governors shall be construed as references to the Chief Commissioner of Assam.

These proclamations will enable the Government to constitute the Assam Legislative Council.

SIR G. CLARKE'S SPEECHES.

Compilation by the Chief of Ichalkaranji.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, Nov. 14.

The Hon. the Chief of Ichalkaranji is collecting material for his volume of his Excellency Sir George Clarke's speeches, which he intends to bring out shortly. The speeches number about 150, and cover a wide range of topics, such as politics, economics, education, social reform, etc.

THE HOOGHLY.

Formation of a Bar in Eden Channel.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 14.

A bar has formed in Eden Channel, a few miles above Sangor Island, and is of so dangerous a nature that ships have been forbidden to pass one another in this channel. The Dredger "Sandpiper" is down the river, trying to scour out another channel.

MR. MONTAGU'S TOUR

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, Nov. 14.

The Hon. Mr. Montagu, after attending the opening of the Rasul Engineering School on Tuesday, visited Lyallpore on Wednesday and inspected the Agricultural College farm and other local institutions. He will reach Lahore to-day.

SOUTH WALES MINERS.

Federation Leaders' Salary Reduced.

A special cable to the *Empire* dated London, November 14, states that the South Wales Miners' Federation has passed a resolution reducing the leaders' salary from £6 weekly to £3. The leaders are furious and declare they will strike as the men get more.

ALLAHABAD MUNICIPALITY.

Sir James Meston's Reply to the Board's Address.

THE COMMON GOOD.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 14.

Sir James Meston, who was accompanied by Lady Meston, paid his first visit to Allahabad to-day, arriving from Cawnpore by special train. The arrival was public and his Honour was received at the platform by the principal civil and military officials of the station.

Among those present were Sir Henry Richards the judges of the High Court, Brigadier-General Shaw, the Hon. Mr. Brownrigg, Commissioner, the members of the Legislative Council and the principal civil and military officials and residents. After the usual presentations his Honour and Lady Meston proceeded to Government House through the city, which was gaily decorated, and large numbers of the people assembled to see him pass.

At Government House the Municipal Board presented his Honour with an address of welcome, to which he replied:—

"Public business requires more than facile speech and a gift of criticism. It demands hard work and courtesy, and power and will to persuade. It demands also a tolerant mind and some capacity for sympathy with the point of an honest opponent; but more than all it demands constant subordination of personal prejudices of selfish interest and of class antipathies to the welfare of the community as a whole. I look forward to being able to repose a large measure of trust in our Boards, and in particular I hope to extend Sir John Hewett's policy of appointing non-officials as chairman,

His Honour then went on to remind the members that the common good was more important than even the training of public men. When, therefore, he said, "mistakes are made which cause hardship to citizens, or when municipal power is used to oppress one section of the community, it will then be the duty of the Government to interfere and to exercise its full authority for the prevention of abuses. There is an increasing pressure on you as individuals to protect inefficient subordinates who think they have private claims on you, and to use your position for the special advantage of one section of community or for the special prejudice of another. I know well the force of that pressure. It is the penalty you pay for public life, but I rely confidently upon you to resist it, and to show your neighbours that you place the common good above personal and party considerations." In conclusion his Honour said he would make a lengthy stay in Allahabad after Christmas, when he would be able to examine their problems, to make their acquaintance at leisure, and to offer his hospitality.

The members of the Board were then presented to his Honour by Mr. Mumford, the chairman.

This afternoon the Lieutenant-Governor in company with the Hon'ble Pundit Madan Mohan Malavyia inspects the site of the Minto Park near the Fort. It will be remembered that the memorial stone of the Park was laid by Lord Minto a little before the opening of the Allahabad Exhibition.

DOMICILED COMMUNITY.

Generous Offers of Funds for a Madras Scheme.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, Nov. 14.

The scheme for establishing "homes" at Kodaikanal, which was started some three or four years ago under the presidency of the then Governor, Sir Arthur Lawley, is rapidly approaching a point when building operations can be commenced.

Rev. J. Breedon, who has been asked by the Committee to become the first superintendent of the homes, writes accepting the position, and at the same time informs the *Madras Mail* that a very generous friend has guaranteed his stipend for three years, with passage for himself and wife, and will further pay the rent of a suitable house for Mr. and Mrs. Breedon until such time one can be built for their accommodation. The same benevolent gentleman has offered to duplicate any sums of £10 and over, up to £1,000, for buildings. This offer is evidently being accepted, as, already, in response to the appeal for £5,000 that is being made for buildings, £1,000 has been promised. Other generous offers for the maintenance of children by annual donations are also being made, and it seems quite possible that the whole amount asked for, viz. £5,000 for buildings and £1,000 a year for maintenance, will speedily be in hand. This secures work up to the given point.

"There is no doubt," says the *Madras Mail* "that as in case of the Kalimpong Homes, St., George's Homes will win for themselves the help which will make them an ever-increasing benefit to the whole of South India.

SERVICES COMMISSION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 14.

The date of the first meeting of the Islington Commissioner at Bombay will probably be the 8th of January next.

SIMLA, Nov. 14.

As at present arranged, Lord Islington and the members of the Royal Commission will meet at Madras about the 28th December and spend a fortnight there.

The Commission will then sail for Burma, where some time will be spent in the collection of evidence, after which the party will proceed to Bengal. Further movements will be settled on Lord Islington's arrival in India.

CHEATING BY PERSONATION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, Nov. 14.

The trial of Gaganmal Sadhumal, who, it is alleged, used to go about as the manager of the firm of Chandumal Valiram of Karachi, thus cheating many merchants of their money on the credit of the above firm, and was arrested at Amritsar, was concluded yesterday in the Court of Mr. J. F. Lobo, Additional City Magistrate of Karachi, who convicted the accused and sentenced him to undergo three months' rigorous imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 30.

There is another case of cheating also pending against the same accused before the City Magistrate of Karachi.

"Incandescent Gas is one of the healthiest and most economical systems of lighting"—The LANCET (the leading Medical Journal in the United Kingdom.)

SANITARY CONFERENCE.

Interesting Papers on Disease and Prevention.

EPIDEMIC CHOLERA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, Nov. 14.

The Sanitary Conference resumed its sitting this morning, when Captain W. C. Ross, I.M.S., officiating Sanitary Commissioner in Behar and Orissa introduced his paper on the "Epidemiology of Cholera," the chief points of which were a history of cholera investigation, probable source of infection, factors of transmission, conditions favouring transmission, carriers, climate, crowding, contact or contamination, conservancy, life history of the fly, importance of separate factors, why cholera is preventible in Europe, and how cholera is preventible in India.

Major E. D. W. Greig, I.M.S., then read papers on an "Investigation on the occurrence of Cholera Vibros, in the Bileary Passages," on "Cholera Contacts and Convalescents in India, an Epidemic caused by a Carrier," and on "Disinfection in Cholera."

Major S. A. Harris, I. M. S., spoke on the effect of piped water on the reduction of cholera in urban areas.

Capt. C. L. Deane. I. M. S., introduced his paper on "Proposed Measures for dealing with Cholera Epidemics in the United Provinces."

Major Clemesha, commenting on Capt. Ross's paper, said that officer had rather allowed his mind to be tinged with his recent experiences in the Puri jail." The point that sanitarians must always adhere to was that the major portion of the poison of cholera was water-borne.

He referred to the outbreak at the European General Hospital of Calcutta, on which occasion five or six deaths among nurses and patients were due to carrier infection. But it did not follow that the old theory that cholera was water-borne was wrong.

Dr. Kailas Chunder Bose Bahadur differed from Capt. Ross on the point that the presence of flies in abundance accounted for outbreaks of cholera.

Capt. Mackie gave it as his experience of a small epidemic, which he had had to deal with, that water-supply played little or no part in the infection of people who suffered from cholera.

The Hon. Pandit Gunga Prasad Varma was of opinion that most cholera epidemics in the United Provinces had been traced to unsatisfactory water-supply.

Dr. B. M. Master said that what Capt. Ross meant to convey was that if they paid attention only to water-supply and neglected other factors they were likely to make a serious mistake. In regard to the checking of epidemics, Capt. Patton said there was a great mistake in the mind of most people that the house-fly in India was the same as the house-fly of Europe. The house-fly of England did not exist in India.

Major Liston, on behalf of Capt. T. H. Gloster, then read a paper on "Vibros Isolated from various sources in Bombay during the recent outbreak of Cholera".

At this stage Sir Harcourt Butler suggested that this afternoon the special section might sit to discuss papers relating to the several kinds of fevers, tuberculosis, dysentery, etc, with a view to enable the Conferences to finish the large programme before it in the allotted time. Accordingly, a number of papers set down for discussion this morning were put off for the afternoon. Meanwhile some of the papers set down for Friday and Saturday were taken up for discussion.

Capt. W. C. Ross, I. M. S., then read a paper on "Some Popular Errors in Hygiene."

Dr. A. G. Newell read a paper on "Conservancy in the Tropics an Important Part of the Work of the Health Officer."

Dr. Rai Kailas Chunder Bose Bahadur next introduced his paper on "Infantile Mortality."

Major Lalor said that in Burma baby shows had been inaugurated with successful results.

Dr. Rai Kailas Chunder Bose Bahadur next read a paper on the "Outbreak of Epidemic Fever in Calcutta," and was followed by Dr. S. Amiritaraj, who read a paper on "Medical Inspection of School Children in India"; after which the Conference adjourned for lunch.

SANITARY MATTERS.

The delegates to the Engineering Section of the Sanitary Conference assembled at the Council Chamber this afternoon, Sir Harcourt Butler presiding. The first paper presented was by Major F. H. Hutchinson, I.M.S., on the Results of Poona Experimental Sewage Installation.

Mr. C. L. Cox, City Sanitary Engineer, Colombo, next gave a lucid account of the Colombo Drainage Scheme and Sewage Treatment Plant.

Major S. A. Harris, I.M.S., next presented an interesting paper on the Breeding of Flies in Filth Trenches."

The "Disposal of Rubbish by means of Small Incinerators in the City of Madras" was the subject of a paper by Dr. J. R. Macdonald, Health Officer, Madras. He concluded his paper with a warning that night soil must not be mixed with rubbish or much nuisance would arise. There was a discussion on this paper, in which Dr. A. Newell, Dr. T. M. Nair, and Lt.-Col. Wilkinson took part. In reply to a question by Major C. E. Williams, Dr. Macdonald said there were not many complaints from people living in the neighbourhood of incinerators.

Major S. A. Harris, I.M.S., next introduced a paper on the "Sullage Farm at Agra," in which the points requiring special notice were: (1) Conduct of a firm; (2) character of soil and measurement of porosity; (3) proximity of towns in relation to their effect on the general health; and (4) income. He then gave a description of the Agra Sewage Farm. The next paper was by Dr. D. J. Master, who condemned the system of dumping city refuse and rubbish in low-lying slums in crowded cities as injurious to public health.

Dr. J. A. Turner followed with a paper on the housing of the "Working Classes in Cities in India." Among other papers presented were "Reflections and Proposals resulting from an enquiry into the cause of three epidemics of Malta Fever occurring among the 37th Lancers and 10th Lancers in India," by Capt. T. F. Paterson, I.M.S. and Capt H. C. Brown I.M.S.

A paper was read on the "Prevention of Tuberculosis in Madras," by Dr. P. S. Chandra Sakhar, who said that medical men had not yet realised the wide distribution of this disease. It was a easily curable diseease if recognised early, but an absolutely hopeless and highly infectious complaint if late, as was done at present.

Capt J. Morison I. M. S., and Asst. Surgeon G. D. Chitre I. M. and S. gave interim report on the causes of diarrhœa in Poona in which cases were instanced which showed to the direct infection of food by man might play a most important partin the spread of the disease.

Capt. Cunningham and Major Harvey introduced a paper on dysentery which put forward a plea for widening the basis of investigation of disease by doing away with any assumption as to particularity of cause. It advocated going back once more to simpler criteria of causation in order better to control work already done. This paper was intended to elicit information as to what bacteriologists would consider satisfactory lines of investigation into the cause, treatment and prophylaxia of dysentery.

"Tuberculosis and its relation to Public Health" was the subject of a paper by Lieut. C. F. Fox. I. M. S., M. D., in charge of the Serum and Vaccine Therapy Section, Central Research Institute, Kasauli, in which he discussed the prevalence of and mortality from the disease in India and explained measures for the prevention of tuberculosis in this country.

RED HILLS RESERVOIR.

The members of the Conference paid a visit this morning to the Red Hills where Mr. J. W. Madeley, Special Engineer to the Corporation of Madras, read a paper describing the Madras City Water-Supply. He pointed out the faults of the existing water-supply system, and the effect of pumping, on the health of the city, and then gave a detailed description of the intake tower, screening chamber, and roughing filter, and the entire water distribution system.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

DELHI, Nov. 14.

Captain Colmore, 6th Dragoon guards, is appointed to the personal staff of His Excellency the Governor of Madras.

On exchange to the Indian Army Lieut. Schofield, 2nd Battalion Royal Fusiliers, is appointed to the 18th Infantry.

Major S. H. Sheppard R. E. has been selected for appointment as general staff officer 2nd grade at the Staff College, Quetta, in January next.

Lieut Col. T. Fraser General Staff officer, 2nd Grade, Staff College, Quetta, is granted leave for eight months.

Lieut Mules, East Lancashire Regt, is appointed to the Indian Army and posted to the 130th Baluchis.

Major-General Wallace resumed command of the Jubbulpore Brigade on return from leave on the 7th of November.

Major-General Mackenzie Kennedy, Commanding the Bangalore Brigade has been permitted to reside out of India from 7th of January next.

Lieut. C. S. Fuller, East Surrey Regiment, is appointed Adjutant of the 6th Battalion, East Surrey Regiment, Territorial Force, from the 1st of December 1912.

Colonel E. H. Hazleton A. V. C. will succeed Colonel Rutherford as principal Veterinary Officer in India and embarks for India on the 12th of February next.

The undermentioned officers have been granted leave:—23rd Cavalry—Lieut.-Colonel H. Kennedy, from 16th November 1912 to 30th April 1913, pending retirement. 7th Hussars—Captain W. Gibbs, for 3 months ex-India; 8th Battery R. F. A.—Major E C Massy, for 9 1-2 months ex-India; I. M. S.—Captain J. J. H. Nelson, for 1 year ex-India; 2nd Royal Fusiliers—Captain T. C. de. Trafford, for 70 days ex-India; 1st Royal Irish Rifles—Lieut. J. W. Foley, for 9 months ex-India; R. A. M. C. Captain J. R. Poster for 3 months ex-India.

APPOINTMENT, POSTINGS, ETC.

Captain D. I. Shuttleworth, 3rd Gurkhas, resumed the duties of Brigade. Major, 2nd Secunderabad Infantry Brigade, on 4th November 1912.

14th Sikhs.—Lieut K. R. McCloughlin to be officiating Qr. Master 104th Rifles.—Lieut G. Stoddart to be Adjutant.

Lieut. Colonel G. G. Adams, R. A. M. C., to command Station Hospital, Secunderabad.

Captain J. L. Jones, R. A. M. C., to command Station Hospital, Calicut.

Major F. J. Moberly, D. S. O., handed over the duties of General Staff Officer (11), Bangalore, to Major G. R. Cassels, 35th Sikhs, on 7th November 1912.

Major W. E. F. Basevi, on return from leave resumed the duties of General Staff Officer. Aden Brigade, 28th October 1912.

Captain L. C. Sprague, Royal Irish Rifles, assumed the duties of D. A. A. & Q. M. G., Aden Brigade, 31st October 1912.

Captain C. M. Nuttall, 72nd (H) Battery, R. G. A., to be Station Staff Officer 3rd Class, in addition to his other duties, vice Lt. R. Daly, relieved.

Major N. Faionnie, R. A. M. C., is transferred from the 5th to the 7th Division.

8th Cavalry—Major M. H. L. Gale to officiate as Squadron Commander, vice Captain W. S. Craster, relieved.

96th Berar Infantry—Captain R. B. Spence, Adjutant, to officiate as Double Company Commander, in addition to his other duties, vice Major A. H. Coke, on leave.

STATION ORDERS.

(By Lieut. Colonel W. C. Walton, Commanding) Troops, Bombay.)

It is notified for information, that all Delhi Durbar 1911 medals from the Army allotment have now been issued; in consequence no further claims or recommendations are to be submitted for the award of the Durbar 1911 medals.

A complete Delhi Durbar 1911 medal roll for the Army in India is now under print, and draft rolls have been submitted to and verified by units and departments, as being complete rolls for such units, etc.; nevertheless, there are many individuals in military employ who are known to have received medals who appear in no roll, civil or military. All military recipients, therefore, including military ranks employed in any civil capacity and volunteers should ascertain to their satisfaction if their names have been entered in the roll submitted by the unit or department, civil or military from whom they received the medal. If not entered, a return should immediately be submitted by the recipient direct to the Secretary to the Government of India, Army Department, showing regimental number, rank and name with initials, corps or department, actual source of receipt of medal, and any explanatory remarks. In the case of individuals who are volunteers, the corps to which they belong with their rank and number should be entered, and if they are employed in Government offices the names of the offices in which serving, should be added.

BOMBAY BRIGADE ORDERS.

(By Major-General G. F. Gorringe, C.B.. C. M. G., D. S. O.,

The undermentioned Officers have been granted leave as follows.—E. E. Company. Bombay Volunteer Artillery, 2nd Lieutenant C. W. Sowerby-Coo., from 1st October to 31st March.

Bombay Volunteer Rifles.—Captain (Honorary Major) V C. French. V. D. from 1st November to 30th April.

RAIN AT POONA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, Nov. 14.

To-day, after rather close weather following on the cold snap, clouds gathered pretty thickly and it began to rain in fairly heavy showers which continued for over an hour this evening.

FATALITY ON BOARD SHIP.

At the Gocculdas Tejpal Hospital, yesterday, the Coroner, Mr. G. F. Chalk held an inquest on view of the body of Mirali Mulshah, a Pathan, aged thirty.

The deceased was employed as an assistant boiler-maker on board the steamship "Knight Errant." On Wednesday, at 4 a.m., he left his work, saying he was going to drink water. As he did not show signs of returning, the men working with him set out to search for him and found him lying in one of the holds. He had had no need to go there as his work did not lie in that part of the ship. His skull was found to be fractured and he was removed to the Gocculdas Tejpal Hospital where he died the same night.

A verdict of death from fracture of the skull owing to an accidental fall into the hold, was recorded.

SIR GEORGE CLARKE.

Address of Farewell by the Poona Municipality.

SANITARY PROGRESS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, Nov. 14.

A farewell address was this evening presented to H. E. Sir George Clarke, Governor of Bombay, by the president and members of the Poona City Municipality. The ceremony took place in the Municipal Hall of the city, in the presence of a small gathering, which included Mr. M. Kennedy, Inspector-General of Police and Mrs. Kennedy, Mrs. Fawcett, Major Horton the Private Secretary of Bhor, Sirdar Khanderao Meheddale, the Hon. Rafiuddin Ahmed, Sirdar Nowrojee, Puddumjee C. I. E., and Mrs. Heerabhai Puddumjee Sirdar H. Notu and a large number of councillors of the Poona City Municipality and their friends.

Their Excellencies, who were accompanied by Major J. C. Greig Military Secretary, were received by the president, Sirdar Nowroji Puddumjee. A photograph was then taken of their Excellencies and the members of the City Municipality, after which the party adjourned to the Municipal Hall upstairs, where the president read the address to His Excellency the Governor.

The address stated :—

We, the president and members of the Poona City Municipality respectfully crave leave to approach your Excellency to give expression to the deep regret which we feel at your Excellency's departure next March from this Presidency.

During the time your Excellency has been in our midst, you have left a deep impression on the minds of all people by your earnest solicitude to promote the well-being of local self-governing bodies in this Presidency. In the case of the Mofussil Municipalities especially, your Excellency's name will be long and gratefully remembered as the creator of a bright, cheerful and progressive epoch.

INCREASED CIVIC POWERS.

By bestowing upon the Municipalities a liberal constitution, under which the elective non-offical element may be raised to two-thirds of the total membership of those bodies, and by granting to most of them the long cherished privilege of electing a non-official president, your Excellency has raised them in the estimation of themselves and of the people at large, and at the same time permanently created for them an opportunity to show that they have realised the responsibilities attendant upon increased powers, and have fitted themselves for a further stage of the fulfilment of the purpose for which local self-Government was granted to the people of this country.

It was again during your Excellency's regime that the Municipalities in the Central Division were for the first time given the privilege of electing a representative to sit on the local Legislative Council, and we feel grateful that the life of municipal bodies was in this manner closely linked with that of the Legislative Council, which represents a higher sphere of political education and activities, and where the representative of the people can realise a large measure of association with Government in the administration of the affairs of their country.

The Poona Municipality has enjoyed the special privilege of electing its own President since the year 1885-86; but it was at your Excellency's hands that this Municipality had the privilege restored to it of having a two-thirds of its members elected by the people. But more generous still has been the treatment, which your Excellency's Government has been pleased to extend to this body in the matter of finance. And we feel sure that, but for the remission of the plague loan of over two lakhs and a quarter rupees, of the grant-in-aid of six lakhs, a loan of ten lakhs and other special grants and concessions, the Municipality would have been unable to undertake the drainage and water-works and to carry out other sanitary improvements, so urgently needed for the well-being of the city. And our only regret is that your Excellency will not be in our midst to witness the completion of these works, and to see the people gratefully enjoying the benefits of these.

CITY IMPROVEMENT.

The last word, however, has not yet been said about the improvement of this old and important city. One good result arising out of the evils of the plague has been realised in the form of a taste and a craving in the city people for better habitations and a greater measure of light and air. And Poona may be said to be now already in the midst of a movement in which the centre of gravity of the municipal population is being shifted from the east to the west and which may end in converting the large areas on the other side of the river into a new portion of the city but hardly less integral or important than the old one. We are on the eve of a wide extension of municipal jurisdiction and we look forward to the construction of a new bridge on the Mutha river, which will have the effect of practically extending Poona city beyond the river and will give the city population not only more elbow-room but also healthier surroundings. The Municipality hopes that your Excellency's successor will extend to it the same generous help and thoughtful solicitude which it has been privileged to receive at your own hands.

Before concluding, we beg respectfully to bid your Excellency and Lady Clarke a reluctant farewell; we pray, however, that many more years of health and happiness will be vouchsafed to you both.

HIS EXCELLENCY'S REPLY.

In replying to the address his Excellency, Sir George Clarke said he had come to India full of ambition to promote sanitary progress, in which as an engineer he was specially interested, and he was thankful that he had lived to see a complete settlement of the scheme which was to give Poona City modern drainage and a water-supply. In years to come he was certain the city would richly benefit from the vastly improved conditions which they were creating. He had recognised that Poona had special claims on the Government, and they had met those claims in a generous spirit.

Turning to the question of local self-government, his Excellency said he agreed with them in the advantage of raising municipal bodies in the public estimation by giving them more powers, so as to create a deeper sense of responsibility alike in members and voters. Unfortunately, municipal elections had not always been free from corruption and other malpractices, while municipalities frequently gave way to factions which checked progress, but he confidently hoped for improvement as time passed and the realisation of responsibility became more general.

In regard to the recurrence of plague his Excellency said that the immunity of Poona from this disease during the past five years had been largely due to continued improvement by the erection of new buildings superior to those of the older type.

THE RACING BILL.

As to the Racing Bill, the gloomy foreboding that it would inflict great injury upon Poona had not been fulfilled. The main effect had been that betting on the Poona race-course was reduced by over seventy lakhs of rupees. This, he was sure, they would feel was significant and exceedingly beneficial to the community as a whole.

In conclusion his Excellency thanked them for their kindly appreciation of what he had tried to do in the interests of the city and the Presidency, and he cordially wished them all possible success in the undertakings they had in hand.

Their Excellencies were then garlanded, and left amid cheers.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

PILOTAGE STATEMENT.

.....	For week ending 1st Nov., 1912.	Total from 1st April to 1st Nov 1912.	For week ending 1st Nov. 1911.	Total from 1st April to 1st Nov. 1911.
Vessels piloted into harbour.	26	722	26	709
Vessels piloted out of harbour.	27	726	21	710
Vessels transported	24	511	17	465
Vessels attended to	...	59	—	44
Vessels warped	2	52	...	33

LAW INTELLIGENCE

THE HIGH COURT.

A Cause Celebre.

CLAIM FOR LIFE INJURIES IN A MOTOR ACCIDENT.

Yesterday, Mr. Justice Macleod's Court-room in the Bombay High Court was crowded with a very large number of barristers and others, when the damage suit for recovery of Rs. 69,000, Jamshedji Merwanji Wadia (plaintiff) vs. Sorabji Hormusji Batliwala, came on for hearing.

The facts are thus stated :—On the 18th September 1910, plaintiff, who was staying at Deolali on a visit, was invited by defendant's wife, in the presence of defendant, to drive with the couple in defendant's steam motor-car to Igatpuri and back. They started and the party consisted of defendant, his wife, his wife's sister, three friends (including plaintiff) and the chauffeur, though the car ought to have carried only five.

After some time defendant began to drive the car himself. The road at a certain point crosses the railway at a level-crossing and about 50 feet from that spot turns sharply to the right. There is a steep declivity to the left more than 10 feet in depth. The defendant drove the car over the level-crossing at a high speed, and instead of following the road to the right drove straight over the side at the corner referred to, down the declivity, with the result that his wife's sister was killed and the other occupants of the car injured, with the exception of the defendant.

The injuries sustained by plaintiff were of a most serious nature. They were fractures of the left shin-bone, the hip socket and the pelvis, and dislocation of the left thigh bone. Plaintiff was also considerably bruised and shaken. He was still suffering from his hurts.

Plaintiff charged the defendant with driving the car at an excessive speed on the wrong side of the road, and taking charge of the car although he knew nothing of driving.

Shortly after the accident a train was stopped at the place, and the injured were taken on board to Bombay, where the plaintiff was attended to by Dr. Masina at his hospital, where he stayed for three months. Another three months he spent at his sister's house and was treated by the same doctor. In spite of all this care the hip socket could not be cured and plaintiff had to go to England for further treatment. He remained in England for seven months, but was told by the best surgeons that he would never be cured, and that he would be a cripple all his life. Plaintiff was only 25 years of age and he was a commission agent and estate broker who used to earn Rs. 400 a month. Now even with the aid of crutches he could not easily move about.

The defendant, who carries on business in Bombay, denied that the plaintiff had been invited for a drive. Plaintiff himself wanted to go for the drive. Defendant did not carry more passengers than he ought to have done in the car. He denied being incompetent to drive, and said he had previously driven the car for a long time. Plaintiff was well versed in the subject of motor cars and he took the responsibility when he himself allowed defendant to drive. There were no caution boards at the place where the accident occurred. The road was unprotected by any wall or fence. There was a drop into the fields of 10 ft. at the curve. One of the gates of the level-crossing was shut and the car slowed down and being a long one could not turn on the curve but went over the drop. The accident occurred owing to the curve being a very sharp one made worse by one of the gates being kept closed. The defendant had no reason to suspect the existence of this sharp curve until just close on it. He had never before frequented that road.

Messrs. Jinnah and Wadia appeared for the plaintiff, and Mr. Setalvad for the defendant.

The Court : Is it admitted that, if the defendant was negligent in driving and crossing the level-crossing, he is responsible for the damages ?

Mr. Setalvad : We would even then deny our liability.

The Court : You do not say so in your written statement.

Mr. Setalvad : We say the plaintiff came into our car as a volunteer, and is not entitled to any damage.

The Court : The car is said to have been carrying seven persons. Suppose it is held that it was overloaded and that contributed to the accident, would you still say that the plaintiff is not entitled to damages ?

Mr. Setalvad : All we say is that he came as an uninvited guest. He volunteered to come in our car.

The Court : In para. 1 of your written statement, you simply deny having invited the plaintiff.

Mr. Setalvad : That covers our defence. We can make our case clear now. We deny all liability on our part.

The Court: You must prove that you took all ordinary care and precautions against the accident.

Mr. Setalvad: The accident was not the result of our negligence.

The Court : The admitted facts of this case presume negligence. The defendant must, therefore, upset that theory.

Mr. Jinnah: The facts of this case are admitted and, therefore, according to the well-known legal maxim "res ipsa loquitur," admitted facts must be taken as proved.

Mr. Setalvad : We deny the overloading. We say that even if we were guilty of negligence, we are not liable to pay damages.

Mr. Jinnah : We say if we can prove that we were invited, we are entitled to damages.

The Court said that the plaintiff should give evidence first as to his being invited as a guest, and then of negligence on the part of the defendants, after which the onus would shift on to the defence.

The plaintiff, who came on crutches, was given a seat near the witness-box. Examined by Mr. Jinnah he said that when he was advised by doctors to go to England for treatment by specialists and the best surgeons he wrote to the defendant asking the latter to help him pecuniarily, but that the defendant refused to do so. Then he made up his mind to bring the suit. In Bombay he had spent Rs. 2,000 on treatment before going to England, and he had only four to five thousand rupees left in all. In England he had spent £500 on treatment.

Cross-examined, witness said that he had casually known the defendant for about 15 years, and was on mere speaking terms with him. He was distantly related with the defendant.

The case is proceeding.

CHANGE OF RECEIVERS.

Yesterday in the Court of Mr. Justice Beaman in the Bombay High Court, Mr. B. J. Desai, on behalf of Narottamdas Bechardas, a Kapole Bania of Bhuleswar, Bombay, applied that the administration of the estate of his deceased wife, Dewalibai, which had been the cause of litigation between himself and his daughter, Ajabkumari, should return to the hands of Mr. Sethna from those of Mr. Lang.

The suit was to ascertain the respective shares of the father and the daughter in the estate of the deceased, Dewalibai.

His lordship, after hearing the other side, allowed Mr. Sethna to take charge of the estate from Mr. Lang, the costs of the application to be paid out of the estate of Dewalibai, which was in the hands of the Receiver.

POLICE COURTS.

INDIGNANT HUSBAND.

DOCTOR ASSAULTS BANDMANN'S AGENT.

Yesterday, at the Esplanade Police Court, Rao Bahadur Chunilal H. Setalvad, Third Presidency Magistrate, heard the case between Dr. Charles Duncan Boyce, dentist, and Mr. James Bury, agent to the Bandmann Opera Company.

Dr. Boyce charged Mr. Bury with insulting his wife, and Mr. Bury charged Dr. Boyce with assaulting him, at the Gaiety Theatre on Sunday, the 3rd November, while a cinematograph exhibition was going on there.

Mr. Kirke-Smith, solicitor, appeared for Mr. Bury and Mr. Visaji, pleader, for Dr. Boyce.

The charge of assault was gone into first. The complaint in that case ran as follows:—In March, 1910, Dr. Boyce married Miss Irene Keys, of the Bandmann Company, in Calcutta. Mr. Bury did not approve of the idea when Miss Keys told him that she was going to be married to Dr. Boyce. He was heard to say he would do his best to prevent the marriage. One evening at 8 o'clock, when Mr. Bury met the lady, he tried to drag her against her will into the Albany Hotel. She shouted for help and Dr. Boyce, who was standing on a balcony near the spot, went down. He chastised the man and freed the lady. Since then, it was alleged, Mr. Bury continued to harass the lady wherever he met her. On Sunday, the 3rd November, Dr. Boyce, Mrs. Boyce, and Miss Keys, her sister, went to the Gaiety Theatre to witness a cinematograph show. During the interval, the complainant went in to the show. Dr. Boyce had gone out in the meantime. Mr. Bury happened to pass in front of Mrs Boyce and in doing so he accosted her and said "Hullo!". She told Dr. Boyce, on his return, that her feelings had been hurt by Mr. Bury's conduct. Being questioned by Dr. Boyce, Mr. Bury denied the charge. Dr. Boyce refused to accept his denial and said he would believe his wife rather than Mr. Bury and called him a liar. Mr. Bury grew excited and moved as if he were going to strike him. Dr. Boyce averred that seeing this he hit Mr. Bury on the face. He had warned Mr. Bury never to speak to Mrs. Boyce.

The evidence of Dr. and Mrs. Boyce was recorded.

In her cross-examination, Mrs. Boyce said that Mr. Bury had not taken his hat off but looked straight into her face and called out "Hullo!." She had felt very annoyed at this.

Mr. Bury absolutely denied the charge. He said he had never "hulloed" Mrs. Boyce. He had not recognised her in the street, nor had he made any insinuation on the evening in question. He also denied the incident alleged to have taken place in Calcutta. At the time it was said to have occurred, Mr. Boyce was in the employ of the Bandmann Company.

The magistrate took time to consider his decision.

TREACHER AND CO.'S CASE.

At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate, resumed the hearing of the case in which the chairman and the directors of the Board of Messrs. Treacher and Company charged Mr. Shapurji N. Gazdar, a merchant, with defamation.

Mr. H. Campbell, barrister-at-law, instructed by Mr. Kirke-Smith, solicitor, appeared for the complainants, while Mr. Saher, barrister, with Mr. Kanuga and Mr. Nariman, pleaders, defended the accused.

On the last occasion his Worship, after hearing the evidence for the prosecution, had framed a charge of defamation against the accused.

The defence yesterday called Dr. Sahiar, one of the complainants and cross-examined him. Witness said that he had been director since 1904. For the last three or four years directors had decided to print and circulate amongst the shareholders accounts of the proceedings of the general meetings. The proceedings of the last general meeting had been printed and circulated amongst the shareholders. Mr. Jilla, one of the shareholders, had addressed the meeting in Gujarati. Witness was asked to translate his speech but he objected to this and said that Mr. Jilla had only abused the directors. Mr. Kolah had stated that by a skillful device the directors had shown a profit but that that was a puzzling with figures. The proceedings circulated amongst the shareholders were not a verbatim report, but it was substantially a correct version. A private meeting of the directors was held in 1910.

The magistrate said that the question before the Court was whether the accused had not used the words "the accounts were false."

Mr. Saher submitted that his client was justified in saying that the accounts were not correct. "False accounts," counsel admitted, was a strong phrase to use. Witness admitted, that there had been a mistake in the accounts in 1903, and it was discovered only in 1911. The directors had stated in their annual reports that the stock had been carefully taken.

The magistrate asked Mr. Saher if the defence suggested that the mistake in taking stock and the consequent loss of Rs. 46,970 had justified the accused in saying that the accounts were false.

Mr. Saher answered in the affirmative remarking that it was one of the justifications.

His Worship rejoined that it was not a tenable excuse.

Mr. Saher said he would not press it if his Worship thought it was not a justification.

Further hearing of the case was adjourned.

EUROPEAN VAGRANT.

Before the Second Presidency Magistrate, Mr. P. H. Dastur, Sergt. Fraser charged J. H. Cooke, a European, aged 30, with wandering about without visible means of subsistance.

The magistrate ordered the accused to be sent to the Government Workhouse.

CHAUFFEUR FINED.

Before the Fourth Presidency Magistrate, Mr. Frank Oliveira, Inspector Daglish charged a European chauffeur named George Hartel with reckless motor-driving along Queen's-road on the 20th October last.

The accused denied the charge and said that it was impossible for any man to drive his car at the speed alleged by the prosecution.

Inspector Fern also supported the story of the prosecution.

The magistrate convicted the accused and fined him Rs. 15.

TRAGIC END OF A GOAN.

The Coroner, Mr. G. F. Chalk, yesterday, resumed the enquiry at the Morgue touching the death of Antone Reginald Vaz, a fitter, aged 40, who was run over and killed at the level-crossing at Sonapur, Marine-lines, last Sunday morning.

Mr. Visaji F. Visaji, pleader, appeared for the representatives of the deceased, and Mr. Indra Narayan, pleader, for Nandkishore Mahabir, the gateman at the crossing.

Police sepoy No. 1610, of the Bombay City Police, said that on the morning in question he was at his post about forty paces from the level-crossing when he was informed that a man had been killed at the level-crossing. He went to the spot and found the deceased lying on his side on one of the rails of the up line. His head had been run over. The gate was closed but not fastened and witness found the gateman on a bench in his cabin. He looked as if he were dozing. Witness spoke to the gateman and the latter replied saying he was confused. The gateman then came out and looked at the body of the deceased.

Manuel DeSouza, a fisherman, residing near the Wilson College, said he saw the deceased coming into the level-crossing and being knocked down by an engine on the up line. The gate was open when the deceased came on to the level-crossing. The deceased did not put his head on the line.

Mr. Cowasji B. Mehta, an engine-driver in the employ of the B. B. and C. I. Railway, said that at 6-44 a.m., on Sunday last, he was going to Colaba on a light engine. Just as the had crossed the Sonapur level-crossing, he felt a jerk. He stopped the engine and saw the deceased lying between the two rails of the up line. Witness then mounted his engine again and went to the Marine-lines station. He saw no one come to look at the deceased. Witness did not see the gateman at first, but when he returned to the spot from the station he saw him and the policeman. There was a slight curve on the line near the level-crossing and the view was obstructed by the gateman's cabin.

Sadanand Ramkumar, another gateman, said the duty of a gateman was to stand at the gate when the bell in the cabin rang and the signals were lowered for a train.

The record of further evidence was postponed.

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BOMBAY CORPORATION.

Sympathy with the Family of the Late Mr. Kemp.

THE ROAD TRAINS.

A MEETING of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was held yesterday afternoon, the Hon. Mr. Manmehandas Ramji, the president, occupying the chair.

The Hon. Sir Pherozeshah Mehta, according to previous notice, moved the following resolution :—"That the Corporation have learnt with deep regret of the death on the 27th October, 1912, of Mr. D. S. Kemp, who, as a member of the Corporation for thirteen years and as a member of the Town Council for two years, rendered useful services to the city. That a copy of the resolution be forwarded to the family of the deceased with an expression of the Corporation's sympathy in their bereavement.

In moving the resolution Sir Pherozeshah said that only the other day he had alluded to the most useful services rendered to this city by one of those stalwart citizens of the old school who were instrumental in the development and formation of the Bombay Municipality. He had done so in connection with his friend, the late Mr. Dossabhoy Framji, and he regretted that so soon after it devolved on him to allude to the death of another member of the Corporation, who for a number of years had rendered very useful services to the city in a modest way. Mr. Kemp was a gentleman of quiet and modest disposition, and was invariably known to have handled every important question with sobriety and care. He was a distinguished member of the profession to which he belonged. He was known to be a most efficient chemist and his capacity and business tact had enabled him to establish a leading and well-known firm which even now occupied an important position in the city. On his leaving this country in 1886, he had written a letter to the speaker and also others, congratulating them on the excellent work they were doing in the Municipality for the good of the city. Mr. Kemp's various experiments had materially helped the Corporation in solving many important questions. His experiments, in which he was assisted by Mr. Pearson, his assistant, another efficient chemist, had enabled the Corporation to decide that it was not desirable to use sea water for watering the roads. The experiments showed what the effects of sea water would be on the pipes through it was to pass and the way in which it would operate upon the very roads which were proposed to be watered.

Mr. D. E. Wacha, seconding the proposition, said he endorsed every word that had fallen from Sir Pherozeshah Mehta. Mr. Kemp's character had been marked by modesty and sobriety. He was a citizen not confined to one department of activities. He was, besides being a useful member of the Corporation, an examiner at the University examinations of practical chemistry.

Mr. James MacDonald supported the proposition. After the excellent sketch of the career of the late Mr. Kemp given by Sir Pherozeshah, he had not much to add. He had known the gentleman from the time he first came to India. Mr. Kemp had been trained in Edinburgh and afterwards in Paris. He belonged to an old and distinguished family whom also the speaker had known while in Scotland.

The resolution was carried.

ROAD TRAINS.

Consideration was given to a letter to the President, dated the 10th September from Mrs. Angela da Silva, inviting attention to the use of municipal streets by a motor engine and three large trailers loaded with pressed cotton bales which passed through Mount-road on their way to a mill on the north of the island several times a day, sometimes even up to 11 p. m. It was complained that the engine with its trailers constituted a train let loose on the streets without any safeguard whatever, that they were a danger to life, that horses were scared by their noise and appearance, that the engine emitted thick clouds of smoke, which were wafted into her bungalow thus constituting a nuisance, that the roads seemed to tremble under the heavy-laden train, that the vibrations spread to houses and that children were disturbed in their sleep and frightened. It appeared strange that such a vehicle should be licensed in Bombay and the appellant requested that the Corporation be pleased to take such action as might be within their power and that in case they were not empowered to deal with the matter the attention of the Commissioner of Police be called to it. The grievance was felt by the whole neighbourhood and that the only remedy was to prohibit such vehicles traversing the streets of Bombay.

The Standing Committee in the first instance, had referred the letter to the Commissioner, who reported that it was not a nuisance.

Mr. C. V. Mehta, chairman of the Standing Committee, moved as recommended by the Committee, the appellant be informed in the terms of the Commissioner's report.

Dr. Jehangir J. Oursetji suggested that the Commissioner should stop the use of such trailers on the road after certain hours in the evening.

Mr. Wacha was of opinion that the trailer displaced a row of fifty to sixty bullock cart, which usually extended from Pydowai to Byculla. It was a useful thing and should not be termed a nuisance.

Sir Pherozeshah Mehta remarked that it was for the Corporation to check all kinds of nuisance and if they had not the power they must obtain it, and if they had, exercise it to check the nuisance caused by smoke and noise.

Mr. Jehangir B. Petit suggested that the number of trailers should be reduced.

Replying on the debate, Mr. Mehta said that the suggestions made by various members would be found in the Commissioner's report. He was considering all those points and had promised to put them into effect.

The proposition was carried.

TRAMWAYS ACT AMENDMENT.

The Secretary to Government in the General Department had forwarded a copy of the Bill further to amend the Bombay Tramways Act, 1874, and requested that Government be favoured at an early date with any remarks the Corporation might wish to offer thereon.

The Hon. Sir Pherozeshah Mehta moved that the matter be referred to the Tramway Committee for consideration (in consultation with the Commissioner) and report. In moving the proposition, Sir Pherozeshah said that the Tramway Company ought to have informed the Corporation of their intention that they were going to move Government for an amendment of the Tramways Act. It was desirable that the Corporation should know where the amendment was desired. In the present case the Company demanded that they should be permitted to carry out immediate repairs to their road stock at any hour of the night. This was a question where the Municipality was most concerned, and which it must have time to consider carefully.

The proposition, being duly seconded, was agreed to.

The Corporation then adjourned.

STANDING COMMITTEE.

A meeting of the Standing Committee of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was held yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock, Mr. C. V. Mehta presiding.

Consideration was given to a letter from the Commissioner regarding the proposals of the Schools Committee for their expenditure and their Office Establishment.

The Commissioner in his letter stated as follows:—The Committee have asked for an increase from Rs. 3,37,267 to Rs. 4,02,817. Too large an expenditure seems to have been anticipated in several heads and I have entered a sum of Rs. 3,90,000 in the Budget. The increase is thus nearly 16 per cent. over the present contribution, which is very considerable for one year. As regards the Establishment, the Schools Committee have not only recommended considerable increase of pay but desire to change the nomenclature of their staff. For example, they desire to call the Head Clerk the "Office Assistant." It might not seem at first sight to matter very much what the staff is called, but it does matter in practice because the assumption of superior designations invariably leads in the long run to an expectation of increased pay. In the present instance, it is proposed to create an Office Assistant and to leave the office without any Head Clerk at all. The Head Clerk has important duties, but so have the Head Clerks of other departments—for instance the Commissioner's and the Executive Engineer's and I think it unreasonable that a man who is, in fact, the Head Clerk should not be called so. The duties of the Schools Committee's Establishment are important, not so much because of the amount of their work, which is not more important than that of other departments, but because of the large sums of money which pass through their hands and which so far as I know, are practically unchecked except by themselves. I consider that some increase is necessary, but I do not think it should be by excessive increase to which I would be willing to extend the proposed by me in Schedule B. which I agree as liberal. It amounts to Rs. 14,328 which I consider against Rs. 14,928 proposed by the Schools Committee per annum as mittee. When I consider the large sums both of receipts and expenditure which now pass through the Establishment of the Schools Committee, the expenditure being calculated by the Committee at Rs. 4,69,000 and the receipts at Rs. 66,900 I cannot but feel alarmed at the fact that they are not subject to the same strict checks as are the other branches of the Municipal Establishments. It is obvious that there must be many opportunities for small frauds among the larger establishment employed and there is no reason to believe that the schoolmasters, many of whom still receive a very low rate of pay, should be trusted not to take these opportunities any more than the subordinates of other departments are trusted. I think therefore that the Standing Committee should consider whether it would not be wiser to take steps to make the accounts of the Schools Committee pass through the Chief Accountant's Office and for all receipts to be paid into his office as is done in other branches. This will probably entail some increase in the Chief Accountants Establishment, which is at present worked up to its full limit, but there can be some corresponding decrease in the Schools Committee Establishment and if greater safety is to be maintained a small extra expenditure will be worth incurring.

After some discussion it was resolved on the motion of Mr. Fazulbhoy M. Chinoy to refer the letter to a sub-committee for report.

The Committee adjourned to Tuesday next at 5-10 p. m.

NEW BOOKS.

ONE CROWDED HOUR by Sydney C. Grier (Blackwood).—The scene of this story is in the Kingdom of the Two Sicilies during the last few months of its independent existence. Geoffrey Carrick the hero, is dreadfully tactless and at one time jeopardizes his future by loyalty to his given word in the face of official opposition. He joins Garibaldi, and as a member of The Thousand, helps to overthrow the monarchy of Francis II. The herhoine, an English girl, makes the acquaintance of the Queen, who is the only "man" on the side of the "Regi," and goes far to establish the truth of the old saying about the relative value of Bourbow Princes and their wives. Both hero and heroine have extremely unpleasant experiences and not a few exciting adventures. The picture drawn, although it is but fifty years old, seems to the modern reader almost as far away as a scene in the eighteenth century—so admirably has the author reproduced the atmosphere of the period.

TRYFIELD, by G and M Hayling (Hodder and Stoughton.)—Little "Al" Wainwright, the "Owner of Tryfield", a pleasant old country house, is a jealous, difficult spoilt boy of eleven, left too much with a governess and a smaller sister and brother who naturally follow his lead. He has always looked upon himself as coming first with his mother, who is away in the South of France, and when she writes to say that she is going to be married to Sir James Maine, a London doctor, and that their new father is coming to stay at Tryfield, his resentment breaks all bounds. So upon the arrival of Sir James, the battle is set in order against him at once. Poor "Al" finds himself in the end facing big things which he does not understand. In consequence of an escapade he behaves dishonorably, gets frightened, runs away, and nearly loses the new father, whom he really liked in spite of himself. A really good story.

THE JOYOUS ADVENTURES OF ARISTIDE PUJOL, by William J. Locke. (The Bodley Head).—Of well-beloved vagabonds Mr. Locke knows all the secrets. Here is another, in no sense an imitation of the first. Aristide Pujol, the dragon-fly of a Provencal, is entirely original. He is Jack of all Trades, and for the time being master of every one. The narrator met him first at Aigues-Mortes. He appeared from nowhere, did his biographer a good turn, and darted into life-long friendship. The good turn was delivery from the police after a a "put-up" motor accident. The story-teller had been victimised by an old peasant who put himself in the way of the car, swore a mere graze had maimed him for life, and made trouble. Enter Aristide, with his graceful form, Vandyk beard, Ancient Mariner eyes, and incredible eloquence. He stills the storm, dispels the crowd, and tells the motorist that Aigues-Mortes is a nest of such put-up jobs. There they train dogs to commit suicide in front of cars. Voila tout? Incidentally, the injured peasant is Aristide's old father. It is now the motorist's turn to play benefactor. Aristide has engaged himself to marry a hard-faced elderly innkeeper from Carcassonne. By adroit manœuvring and entire command of the car and its owner the hero is delivered. That you will read in "Adventure of the Fair Patronne." Aristide, fiery Provencal that he is, cannot help playing the general lover. In all his passions he is sincere and honourble, for the moment. Read then the thrilling adventure of the Fair Arlesienne, if you would know Aristide the beneficent strategist, who can compose domestic strifes and retire, rewarded only with honour, from the field of Love. But he is Protean, our Aristide. Behold him now French master in a girls' school in Manchester. Such a professor of Gallic idiom England never knew. He was shaky in his irregular verbs, but—he taught "French." From the dear funny M. Pujol, his pupils mastered the idiomatic quaintnesses of the French tongue. Lessons were a giggling joy from beginning to end. But for Aristide the young ladies would have gone to their lives' end without knowing that "pognon" meant money; "rouspetance," assaulting the police; "thune" a five-france piece; and "bouffer," to take nourishment. Only when the vicar came to examine, and learned from a translation that Charles I. "cracha dans le panier" in 1649, trouble begun. For how should a good vicar know that "to spit into the basket" is excellent (Aristidan) French for being guillotined? So out our just Aristide goes, worth exactly £15 5s. 3d., to face the world. Train to London, an Arabian Nights adventure, and high chivalry among rogues. It is brain-turning but glorious. Back to France again our Aristide travels for a corn cure. His vehicle is a primeval motor, in which he takes an absurd pride. How his eloquence draws the villagers? On the road he finds a deserted baby. Great-hearted Aristide adopts the child. Here Mr. Locke riots in the comical-historical-romantical-tragical. The incident is crucial, as the upshot shows. But fortune frowns. Aristide is glad to resign the baby to a sweet maiden lady from Chislehurst. We follow him, breathless, through the Carnivalesque Adventure of the Pig's Head, the tender idyll of Fleurette—the best piece of short story writing in the book—the broad yet subtle comedy of the Miracle—where he strives to arouse "soul" in a porcine British jam-maker and his heavy wife and achieves startling success—the giddy Adventure of the Fickle Goddess, where Aristide, the honest gambler, is done by the dishonest, on to the end, where the foundling baby and the sweat maiden lady re-enter, and the cabotinage of Aristide yields at last to the purely domestic. Tourist guide, quack, schoolmaster, sham baron, punter, advertising agent, and what not at length range themselves in Aristide Pujol, married man and trusted agent for a great wine firm. This last episode shows Mr. Locke's restrained pathos in its deepest and most human expression. How enviable the author is to have known Aristide in the flesh! But with this biography before him the reader can claim almost as close an acquaintance with the mercurial hero.

FREQUENT COUGHING CURES not a cough. On the contrary the irritation in the bronchial tubes grows worse thereby. Take LYNSOLA, the popular Indian cough cure. Every dose tends to soothe and heal the sore spots. An ideal lung tonic free from opiates.—MADON, SONS & Co., Crawford Market, Bombay.

THE MOHURRUM.

Rules Issued for Bombay Celebration.

The Commissioner of Police has made the following rules for the conduct of the Mohurrum Festival within the limits of Bombay City and Island :—

(i) Panja-processions and pothi-processions will be permitted as usual, provided that the number of persons accompanying a panja or pothi does not exceed 30. No license for a panja-procession will be granted to any non-Mahomedan, and non-Mahomedans will not be allowed to parade panjas.

(ii) All toli-processions are absolutely prohibited from the 1st night to the tenth night, both inclusive.

(iii) The Sandal-procession of the Bara Imam dargah is prohibited from circulating in the streets during the period of the Mohurrum.

(iv) The lifting and circulation of tabuts and tazias on the tenth night (Katal-ki-rat) shall be strictly confined to the limits of the respective mohollas in which each tabut or tazia is standing. No tabut or tazia shall be carried outside the limits of its own moholla on the tenth night and no tabut or tazia shall be allowed to move along any main road, such as Parel Road, Grant Road, Erskine Road, Carnac Road, Babula Tank Road and Duncan Road.

(v) The procession of tabuts with music, etc., on the tenth or Immersion Day will be allowed, subject to the condition that each tabut shall be lifted and carried by the most direct road to the main route of the procession which will be Bhendy Bazaar, Kalbadevi Road and Carnac Road to the Bandar. No tabut will be permitted to visit other mohollas before moving south along the main route. The tabuts of the F and G divisions and the Madanpura Julhai tabut will be immersed in the usual manner at the usual places. Such of the Mazagaon tabuts and the tabuts of the E division mohollas bordering the north side of Grant Road as are accustomed to travel to Carnac Bandar will move straight to the J. J. Hospital corner and thence south along the prescribed route. The remainder should be immersed at Mazagaon Bandar as usual. The tabuts situated south of Grant and Babula Tank Roads on the west and east of Parel Road will move on to Parel Road by the shortest route from their respective mohollas and thence south towards Kalbadevi. The tabuts situated south of Paidhuni and Paidhuni Road will move by the shortest route from their mohollas to Paidhuni Police Station and thence go straight away down Kalbadevi Road. The Kamatipura tabuts shall move via Falkland Road to Two Tanks and thence to the J. J. Hospital corner and down Bhendy Bazaar by the prescribed road. Tabuts belonging to Dhobi Talao, Phanaswadi, Khetwadi and Girgaum shall move direct by the shortest route to the Money School and Carnac Road. The latter shall not move northwards or approach Bhendy Bazar. The Colaba tabuts shall move straight up to the Crawford Market and thence down Carnac Road to the Carnac Bandar. They shall not enter the area north of the Crawford Markets. No tabut will be permitted to circulate in other mohollas before finally joining the direct route to the Carnac Bandar.

(vi) The following streets will be entirely closed to all Mohurrum celebrants during the ten days and nights of the festival :—

Pakmodia Street.	Chimna Butcher Street.
Dhabu Street.	Mutton Street.
Doctor Street.	The Koka Bazaar.

In the exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) (f) (ii) and (h) of section 22 of the City of Bombay Police Act, 1902, and with the previous sanction of His Excellency the Governor in Council, the Commissioner of Police has framed the following rule:—

Any person applying for a license for the playing of music in any street or public place during the period of the Mohurrum festival shall deposit in the Office of the Commissioner of Police at the time of the application for the licence a sum of Rs. 100 or such smaller sum as the Commissioner of Police in his absolute discretion may, in any case, fix it upon the consideration of the circumstances he considers that the deposit of such smaller sum may be accepted. In the event of the grant of the license to the applicant and of his obedience to the rules issued for the conduct of the Mohurrum, and in the absence of any disturbance by or with the connivance of the applicant, the amount of the deposit will be returned to the applicant after the close of the festival. Otherwise the deposit will be forfeited to Government and will be credited to the fund for the relief of indigent pilgrims to Mecca.

THE BOMBAY SERVICES.

Lieutenant R. Wyllie, R. G. A., to act as his Political Aide-de-Camp to the Political Resident Aden, with effect from the 13th July during the absence of Captain G. T. C. Ferram, R. G. A., on privilege leave for ninety days.

Granting privilege leave for five weeks with effect from the 6th October, to Mr. L. Robertson, I. C. S., is hereby cancelled.

Mr. C. A. B., Beatty, Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Southern Range, is granted privilege leave for nineteen days with effect from the 23rd October.

Mr. E. H. Waterfield, I. C. S., Acting Judge and Sessions Judge, Broach, is granted combined leave for six months.

In modification of so much of the Notification dated the 5th October, as relates to the appointment of Mr. A. S. Holland, as Assistant Superintendent of Police, Kaira, Mr. A. S. Holland is appointed on relief to be Assistant Superintendent of Police, East Khandesh.

Mr. R. T. F. Kirk, I. C. S., Assistant Judge' Nasik, passed with credit on the 4th November an examination in Gujarati according to the Higher Standard.

Mr. C. D. A. McIver, Executive Engineer, is granted leave for three months combined with furlough for one year and nine months from the 21st November, or the subsequent date of relief.

Mr. J. A. Cooper, Assistant Engineer, appointed to act as Executive Engineer, Belgaum District, during the absence of Mr. McIver on leave or until further orders.

Mr. H. B. Evington, Assistant Engineer, is appointed to act as Executive Engineer, Karachi Canals District, vice Mr. Bangalore Krishnarav or until further orders.

On return from leave, Mr. J. E. MacDougall, Assistant Engineer, is posted to the Central Division.

On return from leave Mr. W. N. Cartland, Ass

THE WEATHER.

Disturbed in South of the Bay of Bengal.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Nov. 14.

The weather remains disturbed in the south of the Bay but as yet there is no indication of the presence of a storm. Rainfall has been nearly general in south-east Madras. Coimbatore reports three inches and Nellore one inch.

The disturbance which was affecting Persia yesterday caused clouds. This morning it is over the north-west India.

Forecast.—No large change.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER AND CROP REPORTS, 14TH NOVEMBER.

Hansi.—Bright, no sign of rain. Cotton picking general. Rain much needed generally for rabi crops. Rabi sowings progressing favourably.

Moultan.—Bright, no sign of rain. Cotton arriving in small quantities. Wheat being sown.

Delhi.—Bright, no sign of rain. Rabi sowings progressing favourably.

Agra.—Bright, no sign of rain. Cotton arriving in small quantities.

Beawar.—Bright, no sign of rain, Cotton arriving in small quantities. Food-grains sowing has been completed.

Amraoti—Seasonable. Cotton arriving in small quantities.

Khamgaon.—Cotton picking general; cotton crop estimate 10 annas. Linseed and wheat doing well.

Dhulia.—Cotton arriving. Rabi crop accounts unfavourable.

Jalgaon—Bright, no sign of rain. Unusually hot. Cotton plants in flower and show bolls rapidly ripening. Cotton picking general. Cotton smaller area sown this year. Cotton crop accounts satisfactory and estimate 11 or 12 annas. Cotton arriving in small quantities.

Broach—Bright, no sign of rain. Seasonable. Mornings colder. Cotton plants flourishing and in flower on high place. Cotton crop accounts satisfactory and prospects improving.

Viramgam.—No further rain expected. Mornings cold and dewy. Cotton plants flourishing.

Wadhwan—Seasonable. Dewfall insufficient. Fine weather is set in. Cotton plants flourishing and healthy.

Bhavnagar—Bright, no sign of rain. Seasonable. Mornings cold and dewy. Cotton plants flourishing and show bolls rapidly ripening.

Barsi—Continues cloudy. Rain much needed generally for rabi crops.

Sholapur—Mornings cold and dewy. Rain much needed generally for rabi crops.

Hubli—Cloudy, but no rain. Cloudy and unseasonable. Cotton plants flourishing. Food-grains and wheat doing well. Crop prospects generally good.

Bellary—Mornings cold and dewy. Cotton plants flourishing.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Thursday, the 14th Nov., giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear in the extreme eastern district and lightly to moderately clouded elsewhere. Humidity is in defect. Minimum temperature is below normal at Ambala.

The United Provinces.—Skies are lightly clouded at Allahabad and clear elsewhere. The air is damper than usual at Cawnpore and drier at Allahabad. Night temperature is in defect at Jhansi.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is in defect in lower Sind and at Ajmer and Bikaner. Minimum temperature is below normal at Kotah.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. The moisture in the air is either equal to or below the average. Night temperature is in excess at Dwarka and in defect at Bhuj and Rajkot.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is normal or in defect. Night temperature is above normal at most stations.

The Konkan.—Skies are clear at Bombay and lightly to moderately clouded at other stations. The air is drier than usual at Bombay and damper at Ratnagiri. Temperature is in slight excess at Ratnagiri.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are clear in the north Bombay Deccan and lightly to moderately clouded elsewhere. Humidity is in defect at Malegaon and Ahmednagar and normal or in excess at other stations. Minimum temperature is above normal at most stations.

General Remarks.—Rainfall has been nearly general on the south Coromandel Coast and in the Carnatic and the eastern districts of the Madras Deccan. The disturbed conditions in the south of the Bay of Bengal persist but are yet at some distance off the coast.

Fairly general rain likely on the Coromandel Coast, and some showers in the Carnatic Malabar, Mysore, the Madras and the south Bombay Deccan.

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The reading of the Barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 32 F. and for Calcutta standard at 8 a.m. (local time) 14th November, was 29·932 inches. The height of observatory barometer cistern above zero of the tide gauge at Apollo Bunder is 12 feet. The height of tide in the stream above zero of the tide gauge was 9 feet at 8 a.m. (local time). The temperature correction for a mercurial barometer, supposing the reading to be 30·000 inches and that of the attached thermometer 80 deg. F. will be 14in. and this will be higher or lower by 0·1 inch for each 4 degrees. In the case of the aneroid no temperature correction is required. Should the height of the barometer cistern, either mercurial or aneroid above zero of the gauge, be different from 47 feet, it will be read higher or lower by 6 inches for 11 feet. The readings above are extract from those given in the daily weather report to which different corrections have been applied.

PLAGUE IN BOMBAY.

The following statement shows the total mortality and the incidence of plague in the City of Bombay, during the 24 hours from 6 a.m. on the 13th Nov. to 6 a.m. on the 14th November :—

	Attacks.	Deaths.
Total.....	2	3
Total mortality from all causes		89
Cholera	1	nil

THE WEEK'S MORTALITY.

The total number of deaths registered in Bombay, during the week ending 9th November, was 574, giving a death-rate of 30·47 per annum per thousand as against 583 the corresponding period of last year, and 575 the average over the past five years. Of the total number 73 died from fevers; 2, plague; 0, small-pox; 1, measles; 1, cholera; 4, leprosy; 30, pathisis; 29, diseases of the nervous system; 164, affections of the respiratory organs; 51, diarrhœa; 23, dysentery; 44, still-born; 33, old age and debility; and 12, accidents and violence. The classified list of deaths shows :—Jain, 34; Brahmins, 23; Lingaet, 2; Bhattia, 6; Hindu of other caste, 270; Hindu low caste, 73; Musalman, 122; Parsee, 14; Jew, 3; Native Christian, 22; Eurasian, 0; European 5; Negro-African, 1; Buddhist, 0; other and unknown castes, 0. The total number of births was 396 as against 473 for the corresponding period of last year, and 444 the average over the past five years.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS :—Are you broken in your best by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It relieves the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by medicine dealers everywhere.

CURRENT INDIAN NEWS.

The annual inspection of Karachi harbour by the Karachi Port Trustees will probably take place on Friday the 29th instant.

A Frontier correspondent states that the Amir has returned for a short time to Kabul from Jellalabad making the journey by motor car.

The Bhavnagar Medal (Cambridge University) for Indian Civil Service candidates has been awarded to Sonti Venkata Ramamurty, B.A., Trinity College.

The Governor in Council is pleased to notify that the local area heretofore comprised in the Cantonment of Bhuj has ceased to be a Cantonment for the purposes of the Cantonments Act, 1910 (XV of 1910).

Indian Civil Service scholarships at Brasenose College, Oxford, have been awarded to Ewan M Gawne and Donald Gladding, B. A., formerly open scholars, and to Charles K. Rhodes, formerly Heath Harrison exhibitioner.

The garden party which the Sind Mahomedans are giving to the Commissioner in Sind and Mrs. Younghusband has been fixed for Saturday the 30th instant at 5-30 p. m. at the Zoological Gardens, Karachi. The invitations are now being sent out.

At the last meeting of the Trichinopoly Municipal Council, the question of the killing of stray dogs was discussed, and it was eventually resolved "to kill the dogs by clubbing till estimates, etc, were framed and funds permitted of a more humane method."

An English and a French Company have been formed to acquire gem land in Ceylon. The method of mining they intend to adopt is the hydraulic system. The French Company is called "The Societe des Mines de Ceylon," and the English Company "The Consolidated Gem Mines of Ceylon, Limited."

It has been discovered, a Colombo correspondent writes, that the Buddhist Priest at Anuradhapara who was supposed to have sacrificed himself after having left a letter explaining a spiritual reason for his action, had been murdered, mutilated and then burned. Naranwita, the Chief Priest of the temple, and two others have been arrested on a charge of murder.

A general meeting of all subscribers to the Louise Lawrence Institute will be held at the Lady Dufferin Hospital, Karachi, on Monday the 2nd December at 6 p. m. The same evening, at 6-30, and at the same place a public meeting will be held, when the funds collected for the Louise Lawrence Institute will be handed over to the trustees of the Lady Dufferin Hospital. The Commissioner in Sind will preside.

The troopship Hardinge, Royal Indian Marine service, is due to arrive at Karachi on the 19th November from Southampton. The Hardinge brings out troops for the Punjab chiefly, the drafts for all ranks and arms being for the units stationed at Peshawar Nowshera, Attock, Campbellpore, Rawalpindi, Sialkot, Lahore, Jullundur, Ferozepore, Ambala, Quetta, Karachi, Multan, Hyderabad, Meerut, Mustra, Roorkee, Agra, and Bareilly.

Colonel Ridout, R.E., in command of the troops on board the Rohilla is reported to have said to a Press representative in Colombo that the defence of the Crown Colonies was a matter which was receiving careful consideration; but owing to the troubles in the Balkans, there would be some delay before these matters were decided on. Anyhow, in his opinion he thought it was an excellent thing to send out a British regiment for Ceylon and other Crown Colonies, not only for the sake of recruiting but for the acquisition of knowledge with regard to the different parts of the British Empire.

The "Phœnix" (Karachi) writes :—It is given out at Hyderabad that Prof S. O. Shahani, who evidently has not yet deemed it fit to smother his ambition to become an Honourable Member through the practically Mahomedan electorate, has decided to stand as a candidate for election to the Bombay Legislative Council by the landholders of Sind. Apparently he sees his chance in the split between Mr. Bhurgri and Nawab Kasurkhan for the Zemindars' seat on the Bombay Council. It will indeed be a sad commentary on the solidarity of Sind Mahomedans if in an unseemly fight among themselves they allow their seat to be captured by Prof. Shahani. We trust that the good people who have set up Nawab Kasurkhan against Mr. Bhurgri will realise the situation created by Mr. Shahani's candidature. If at all this triangular contest come to pass the right-thinking Hindus will we trust support Mr. Bhurgri in preference to Mr. Shahani for the claims of the former are indisputably suprior to those of the latter.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEERS.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

Bombay, 15th Nov., 1912.

1. Riding School daily for Recruits and members in possession of Remounts from 7-15 a. m.

2. The Range at Santa Cruz will be reserved for class firing this week end, train leaves Church Gate Station Saturday afternoon at 3-10 p. m.

Sunday morning 7-5 a m.

(Sd.) P. R. CADELL, Lt.-Col.,
B. V. R.
for O-Commanding Bombay L. Horse.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY COLONEL
R. W. L. DUNLOP, V. D.
Bombay, 15th Nov. 1912.

703. Parades—All Recruits of the current season will parade at the Head-quarters, Council Road, to-day Friday the 15th instant at 6-30 p.m.

704. Maxim Gun Class—Officers Commanding Companies will please submit to the Adjutants Office to-day Friday the 15th instant, the names of 3 men who are willing and recommended to undergo a course of Instruction in Maxim Gun.

The Class will commence on Tuesday the 19th instant at Head-quarters at 7 a m.

II.—The Maxim Gun Class and Signallers of "G" Coy will parade at 7-30 a.m. on Monday, the 18th instant, at the Bombay Gymkhana.

(Sd.) C. N. MOBERLY, Captain,
Ag. Adjt., B. V. R.

NOTICE.

I.V.R.A. Matches 3 and 4 will be fired on Sunday 17th instant, by train leaving Victoria Terminus at 5-40 and 6-30 a.m. Distances 500 and 900 yards. Practice will follow at 600, 800 and 300 yards. This cancels previous circular.

VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COLONEL
THE HON. A. HILL-TREVOR,
COMMANDING.
Bombay, 15th Nov., 1912.

284. Enrolments.—The undernamed having been enrolled are taken on the strength of the Corps and posted as under :—

No. 1505 Gunner G H Reid No. 2 Sub-Division No. 2 Company.

No. 1507 Gunner V G Rose No. 2 Sub-Division No. 2 Company.

No. 1508 Gunner E H Woodford No. 2 Sub-Division No. 1 Company.

No. 1509 Gunner F W Parker No. 3 Sub-Division No. 1 Com any.

No. 1510 Gunner G D Green No. 3 Sub-Division No. 1 Company.

285. Leave.—The undernamed has been granted leave of absence out of Bombay for the period stated against his named Gunner C Louth from 8-11-12 to 8-11-13.

286. Transfers—Gunner M J Navin No 2 Company is permitted to transfer from No 1 Sub-Division to No 2 Sub-Division of the above Company.

280. Parades.—Parades for the week ending 17th November 1912.

Saturday 16 at 5-30 p m No. 1 and 2 Companies will parade in the Town Hall Compound for 15 pdr Gun Drill. (Specialists) D R F and Dial Nos will parade at the R G A Lecture Room, Colaba at 5-30 p. m. on Saturday.

282. Musketry Friday 17th No 2 Company Class Firing at Colaba commencing at 7-30 a. m. The G.I.P. Ry Vol Range at Ghat Koper will be available for Shooting Competition and Practice, Distances 300 and 600 yards.

(Sd.) R. P. CUDLIP, Capt., R. A.,
Adjutant, B. V. A.

BY THE WAY.

"He has the temperament of the school-master in its very best form," was once said of the late Lord Peel by a Gallery scribe. The same observer compared him also to the sentinel at Pompei who stood at his post, caring not whether other men fled before the devouring flames. Those analogies were inspired by the Speaker's resoluteness in confronting and overcoming the spirit of disorder. "Mr. Brand," said the same writer, "was too mild, and suffered all his days. But Mr. Peel grapples with every mischief early, and earns the peace that comes to strong wills." Yet the authority was tactfully exercised. "He takes the House into his confidence, entrusts it with his doubts and fears, and, finally, when he comes to a division, seems to have consulted while really commanding." Since he retired with the inevitable viscounty which follows the Speaker-ship of the House of Commons, Lord Peel had lived chiefly in Bedfordshire, at his delightful place near Sandy. He devoted himself to the cultivation of conifers, of which he had a wonderful collection. He has been credited with writing his memoirs, which should make interesting reading.

The new facade of Buckingham Palace is designed to bring it more in keeping with the original work of Nash or what remains of it. That architect had mortification of seeing the two side wing of the palace, after it had been completed pulled down by the great prodigal in picks and mortar George IV. The English Renaissance design of the new frontage will certainly give it a more imposing appearance than it possesses at present although the Palace will still be far from the Royal residence which was to be with the ancient abodes of the Cæsars originally dreamt of by the First Gentleman in Europe."

The red rose presented by the Constable at Hungerford to the King on the occasion of the visit of his Majesty to Chilton the other day recalls how few of these picturesque customs still exist. One of the quaintest is that which calls upon the head of the Clerks of Penicuik an old Midlothian family, to go to a certain cross-road on the property and below three blasts on a horn whenever the Sovereign passes that spot. The silver basin which the owner of the lands of Brachead also in Midlothian presents to his Majesty, that he may dip his fingers in it, is another survival of mediæval days. More recent is the custom of the presentation of flags by which the Dukes of Marlborough and Wellington held the lands bestowed on their illustrious ancestors. On August 13 and June 18 respectively the dates of Blenheim and Waterloo the representative of each ducal house offers a flag to the Sovereign which eventually finds its way to the keeping of the regiment of the Brigade of Guards which happens to the quartered at Windsor at the time.

Henry VII.'s chapel in Westminster Abbey, which, after the lapse of a century, is again to become the chapel of the Knight of the Order of the Bath, is one of the most wonderful pieces of architecture in the world. The Fan Vault is indeed the greatest achievement in mason craft, the whole being put together with the precision of an astronomical instrument. The Knights of the Bath were installed in the chapel in 1661, and again from 1725 to 1812, but it was not until 1839 that the practice of hanging their banners in the chapel was discontinued. Among the banners now hanging there are those of the Duke of Wellington and that great sea lighter, Lord Dundonald. Dundonald was deprived of his banner in 1814 but on his death it was restored to his family, and was replaced in the chapel by order of Queen Victoria in 1860. The Order of the Bath dates from 1399, but in 1815 it was enlarged to commemorate "the auspicious termination of the long and arduous contest in which this Empire has been engaged." Excluding honorary members, the membership of the Order numbers about 2,000. The Duke of Connaught is Great Master of the Order.

In connection with Lord Howard de Walden's desire to revive falconry in England it should not be forgotten that the late Mr. Mann, of the brewing firm of Mann, Crossman, and Paulin, was a great lover and patron of the sport. At his place, Hyde Hall, at Sawbridgeworth, he had proper mews, looked after by proper falconers, and his friends enjoyed plenty of good sport—chiefly rookhawking in the neighbourhood.

The question is often asked: Which regiment bears the most battle honours upon its colours? The distinction belongs to the Gloucestershire Regiment, which boasts no fewer than thirty-three of the decorations. If however, rifle regiments carried colours it would be displaced by the King's Royal Rifles, who have fought with conspicuous success in thirty-six actions, while the Rifle Brigade is not far behind with thirty-two. The infantry come greatly before the cavalry in this respect, owing to the "linked battalion" system, and it would be interesting to trace the infantry battalion that has the most honours.

It is now definitely settled that when St. Andrew's Day comes round next year the Prince of Wales shall become a member of the Order and have the much-coveted green ribbon placed about his neck.

A curious sidelight is thrown on the relations of the late King with the Kaiser by Mr. Edward Legge in his book, "King Edward in his True Colours." That the personal intercourse between the Royal uncle and his Imperial nephew was occasionally strained to breaking point is well-known to those in the intimate entourage of the two monarchs; but the statement that their relations only lapsed into comparative calm when they were apart will be news to many, and can certainly be controverted in one notable instance, at any rate.

That was in the days following the death of Queen Victoria, when the grief-stricken King was scarcely able to occupy himself with the multitudinous arrangements that required his time and attention. His present Majesty was indisposed at the moment and unable to take any of the burden off his father's shoulders. But the Kaiser who had flown to Osborne on receipt of the sad news, set himself the task of sparing King Edward as much as possible assisting to make the thousand and one arrangements connected with the funeral and proving altogether so helpful that his late Majesty afterwards declared that he had been more like a son to him than a nephew.

Mr. Legge also tells that at the time of the diocarat scandal the Kaiser wrote to the Prince of Wales protesting against any one holding the position of a colonel of Prussian Hussars embroiling in a gambling squable etc. On the other hand it is stated in the Reminiscences of Mme Novikoff (O.K.) that on the "Reminiscences of Mme. Novikoff" ("O.K.,) that on the same occasion the Emperor wrote to his English uncle promising to send over a German army to seat him on the throne should his chances of succession be imperilled by popular disgust with his behaviour at Tranby croft. Between the two stories it is hard to choose.

The rumour that the Dukedom of Kent may be bestowed on Prince Arthur of Connaught has been on the tapis for some time past. The prince has no title of his own, and at the time the Duke of Connaught renounced his right to the Dukedom of of Saxe-Coburg at Gotha he also renounced it for his son. The statement that Prince Arthur will forgo his right to that Dukedom is, therefore, a little behind the times. The Duke of Connaught, besides his English titles, bears those of Duke of Saxony, and Prince (not Duke) of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha.

The fact that his Serene Highness the Duke of Teck has just passed his examination for tactical fitness to take command foreshadows his promotion to brevet rank of colonel at an early date. There does not, however, seem an immediate chance of his obtaining the command of one of the House-hold Cavalry. He will probably, therefore, accept service on the Staff, and will shortly be given an appointment at the War Office, unless he goes out to the Balkans as one of the British attaches there.

The Order of the Annunziata, which has just been bestowed on the Marquis de San Giuliano, Italian Minister for Foreign Affairs, is the highest Order of Knighthood of the ducal house of Savoy, now the Royal house of Italy. With the exception of Royal personages, it is only given to those who have directly or indirectly added territory to the kingdom of Italy. The Sovereign is grand master of the Order, which dates from the sixteenth century. The Marquis de San Giuliano is still well remembered at Home where he preceded the Marquis Imperiali as Italian Ambassador to the Court of St. James. The new Knight of the Annunziata is a great scholar, and one of the most able politicians in Italy. He is unfortunately, a martyr to rheumatic gout, and is often unable to get about except with the help of two stout sticks.

HIGH COURT—NOV. 15.

(Before the Hon'ble Sir Dinshaw D. Davar.)

Long Causes.

204-12 Jehangir M and S Mahomed Hoseein Jan Mahomed vs Suleman Joosub Sme B and Co

188-11 Patell and E Piraji Maluji Broker vs Wasudev Pandurang Lak Chit M and K.

698-12 Subnis and G, Rai Bahadur Ghanasham Nilkant Nadkarni vs Mariambai Bhai Shanker Testamentary Suits.

2-12 Surajmal and Co B D Parsar vs A N Parker Vachha and Co

19-12 Shroff D and D Devji Tricumdas and others vs Premabai widow Sme B and Co.

Long Causes.

17-12 Art H D and Co Harakbhai widow vs Bai Jamnabai widow Shroff D and D Little and Co Daph F and D

668-12 Patell and E Memon Ali Mahomed Vali vs Tayab Haji Karim Muljl D and Co

692-12 Dubash and P Bhanram Nagarmal vs Gopalji Pragji Bhimji and Co.

941-11 Malls and M J B Raja vs Virji Shamji Lohar Sme B and Co

791-11 Bickaell S N Chandabhoy and Co vs B D Patell Vachha and Co.

390-10 Malvi The Indian Agency Co J W vs Jhipmsha Tarachand Dikhsit.

407-12 Malvi Bharma Shripal vs Hamirmal Ratanchand Chitnis.

325-12 Captain J M Lali vs The B B and C I Railway Co—Crawford.

639-12 Dubash Canji Hiraji vs R E Khiyar—Ardeshir

786-11 Judah Vithal Dhullaji Patel Dongre vs Hariba Awadji Shinde Subnis.

754-11 Judah B K Sherkar vs Hariba Awdaji Shinde Subnis.

680-11 Judah—Gunpat Rao Awdaji Patel Dongre vs Hariba Awdaji Bindhe Subnis.

1085-10 C P D Cunha—Hanifabai vs Ismail Haji Dawood—Payne

383-12 Bhimji and Co—Narotumdas Morarji Gocoldas vs S H Jagtap and others Subnis.

752-11 Shamrao Rawal and Co vs Deoram Keshowji Jehangir M and S.

371-12 Motichand and Sai Rashidabai vs Abdul Samad Esmail Molem and Anr Mehta and D, Patel and E.

100-10 Little and Co Chuchilal Harilal and Co vs J F Kanika and another Payne and Co

453-12 Dastur and Co Meghji Hirji vs Hunsraj Hirji and others Moti and D and Dastur & Co.

1039-11 D J Mantri Ramnath Sawairam vs Jonarmall Mulchand Bhai K and G.

694-12 Edw G W and Co Bhagwandas Karsandas vs Mathuradas Kallianji Payne and Co

561-12 Payne and Co—A M Jeewanji and others vs Gulamhoosian Essaji—Beck M R and Co

(Before the Hon'ble Mr Justice Beaman.)

Long Causes.

928-11 M B Chothia P D Panwala vs M C Patel.

616-12 Patell and E C R Painter vs D P Todiwala Chit M and K

819-12 D J Mantri R A Joshi vs Ronna Dolla—Edg G W and Co.

518-12 Kanjee and S G H Valji vs Gopalji Bhikardas—Manch and N and Sham M and H.

167-12 Capt and V Khimji Mathuradas vs Ranchordas Kalliaji Ard H D and Co

611-12 Little and Co. V V Thakoor, vs T B Waghme B and Co.

59-09 Payne and Co. Keshavlal Gordhandas vs Narotamdas Gordhandas Mart J and M, Malvi, and Payne.

602-12 Mulla and M J B Raja vs The Hon'ble the Advocate-General of Bombay Diji D and S Sub and G.

1003-12 Surajmal and Co H R Sootaria vs A R Sootaria Jeh M and S.

376-12 Ragh and Co—Nanubai vs Bhimabai widow—Judas and S, Moti and D, Mulji K and S

868-11 Wadia G and Co A K Irani vs N B Wagle M B Chothia.

617-11 In Person S Bardeswar Kamlabai Kanga and S,

391-12 Bhai K and G Keshavji Ramji vs Damodar Ramji Wadia G and Co.

1024-11 Patell and E Wasudev Bhasker vs Basil N; Lang Khim L and M Jeh G and B Payne and Co

1147-10 Edg G W and Co M K Kothare vs Satyabhamabai widow Jeh M and S

673-11 Bhai K and G The Baroda Spg and Wg Co Ld vs The Satyanarayen Marine Fire Ins Co Ld Hirsingani Co

227-12 Subnis and G Drupadibai vs Rajaram Currimbux Sme B and Co

304-12 Unwalla P and O Sidick Haji Allarakhia vs Motichand and Devidas Edg G W and Co

217-11 Dubash and P Gulam Hoosienally vs R D Sethna, In Person (a Pauper)

390-12 Subnis and G Krishnarao Gopalrao vs The Bank of Bombay Crawford B and Co.

1182-10 Sme B and Co D P Survey vs D R Bhatkar Dubash and P.

618-12 Dubash and P D R Bhatkar vs Waghji Shamji Ragh N and Co

150-12 Subnis and G. Krishnabai Mahadeo Mohite vs G M Mohite Sham M and H.

607-10 Bhai K and G Govindji Canji vs Padamsey Velji and others.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Macleod.)

For Decree Absolute.

207-12 Ard H D and Co—Haji Ismail Haji Mahomed vs Hassam Esak and others—Jeh and S, Wadia G and Co

Long Causes.

684-11 Captain and V J M Wadia vs S H Batlivala Payne and Co.

789-10 Dadachanji and P Bhikhanchand Tejmal vs Ravatmal Lakhmichand Arlesir H D and Co.

432-12 Payne and Co Esmailji Mulla Vallibhai Lakdawala vs Noorbhai Boodhabai Peat R K and Co.

457-12 Mat J and M M P Nanawati vs Goolbai widow Ragh N and Co.

1054-11 Dap and V Mariambai vs Morobai Ismailji Valibhoy and others Payne and others Edg G W and Co.

439-10 Ard H D and Co Gujadhar Meghraj vs Mangalchand Ramcoover Mulla and M.

197-12 Payne and Co Esanji M Ha Vallibhoy vs Essaji Moosaji Jam E and D.

411-12 Payne and Co A M Jeewanji and Co vs Gulambusein Essaji Tajbhoy Bick M R and Co.

971-11 Daph F and D M J Varerkar vs R B Dalal Bhikoell M R and W and Sh L and M.

527-12 Edg G W and Co Bai Kasurbai widow vs Madhowlal Govindram Payne and Co.

944-12—Bhimji and Co—J Sanders Slater vs Meghji Valabhdas Patell and E.

812-10 Mulla and M Ahmed Mahomed vs Ahmed Jamal Chit M and K Sub and G

736-10 Subnis and G Valia alias Ashoo widow vs Hasamuddin bin Mahomed Hoosein Burray Tyabji D and Co

458-05 Hiralal and Co Meghbai widow vs Moorbai widow Madh K and C.

874-11 Bhai K and G Khimji Vishram and Co vs Khimji Nagji and others Jeh G and B.

758-11 Wadia G and Co—Madangopal Chandraram vs A S Esmail—Jeh M and S

759-11 Wadia G and Co—Madangopal Chandraram vs E Esmail—Jeh M and S

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Heaton.)

Long Causes.

190-12 Tyabji D and Co A Tyabji vs Abdul Rehman Gulam Mohedin Shaikh Bhican Cap and V.

Short Causes.

368-12 Shamrao M and H Bai Baisi vs Khan Bahadur Dr Santonji E Dadina and others Bhai K and G

1068-12 Mulla and M Tejmal Bhaychand vs Manaji Kuverji Raje Shirke Chitnis M and K.

For Hearing on Exceptions to Comrs. Report.

654-11 Little and Co Price, Wills and Reeves a firm vs Memon Mahomed Haji Aboo and another Unwalla and P.

558-03 D J Mantri.—Jamnabai widow vs Fazalbhoy Heptoola and others Nanu H and Co

Long Causes.

241-12 Payne and Co M P Mehta vs Hormusji Sorabji Ard H D and Co.

271-12 Madhk and C R D Sethna vs Bhojabhai Allarakhia Payne and Co.

295-12 Mehta and D Jivan Ramchandra vs Purshotam Ramji Moti and D.

346-12 Chit M and K Ahmed Jamal vs Mohomed Hoosein Macha and others Ard H D and Co.

330-12 Mehta and D Hafizabai vs Salimabai D J Mantri.

892-11 Vachha and Co. Mohunlal Kalidas vs G E Bhagat Edg G W and Co.

1023-11 Malvi H M and B Muzlidhar Shankerlal Alias Gangaram Tanvala vs Gober Nagji and Co Bhai K and G.

79-12 Malvi H M and B Bhirji Buldeodas vs Birdichand Prithviraj and an other Payne and Co.

762-11 Dubash and P Jewan Morar vs Jamnadas Valji Submis and G

880-11 Jam E and Co Sha Heera Varjang vs Ravji Poonsey In Person.

487-12 Bhimji and Co. Chimanlal Narandas vs Manecklal Narandas.

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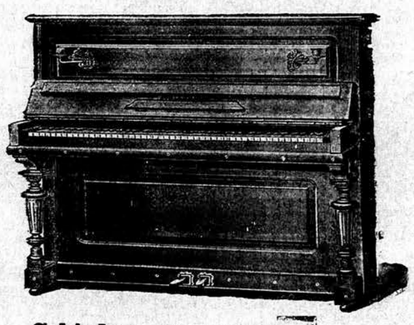

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